

FEATURES

- Patented Trench Schottky technology
- Excellent high temperature stability
- Low forward voltage
- Low power loss/ high efficiency
- High forward surge capability
- Ideal for automated placement
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and in accordance to WEEE 2002/96/EC
- Halogen-free according to IEC 61249-2-21 definition

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Trench Schottky barrier rectifier is designed for high frequency miniature switched mode power supplies such as adapters, lighting and on-board DC/DC converters.

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: TO-277B

Molding compound meets UL 94 V-0 flammability rating

Moisture sensitivity level: level 1, per J-STD-020

Terminal: Matte tin plated leads, solderable per JESD22-B102

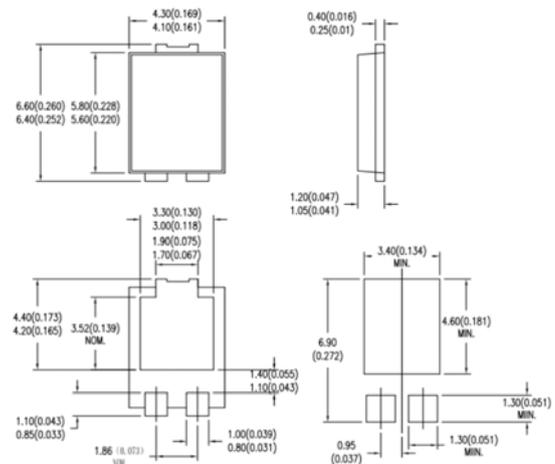
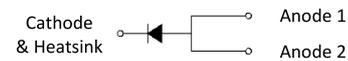
Meet JESD 201 class 2 whisker test

Polarity: Indicated by cathode band

Weight: 0.095g (approximately)



TO-277B



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T _A =25°C unless otherwise noted)					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SP10U100L	UNIT		
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}	100	V		
Maximum average forward rectified current	I _{F(AV)}	10	A		
Peak forward surge current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load per diode	I _{FSM}	200	A		
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage per diode (Note 1)	I _F = 10A	T _J = 25°C	V _F	0.63	V
	I _F = 10A	T _J = 125°C		0.58	
Maximum instantaneous reverse current per diode at rated reverse voltage	I _R	T _J = 25°C	100	μA	
		T _J = 125°C	20	mA	
Typical thermal resistance	R _{θJL}	11	°C/W		
Operating temperature range	T _J	- 55 to +150	°C		
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}	- 55 to +150	°C		

Note 1: Pulse Test with Pulse Width=300μs, 1% Duty Cycle

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Fig.1 TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

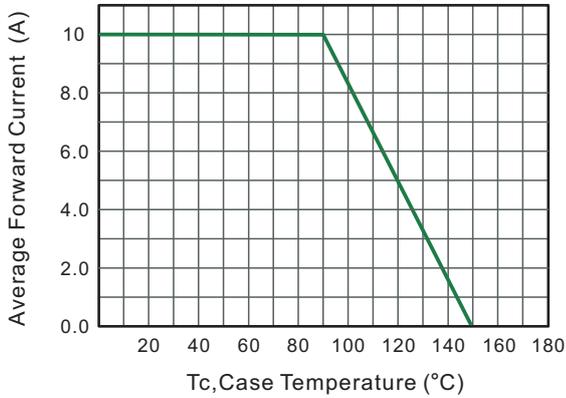


Fig.2 Typical Reverse Characteristics

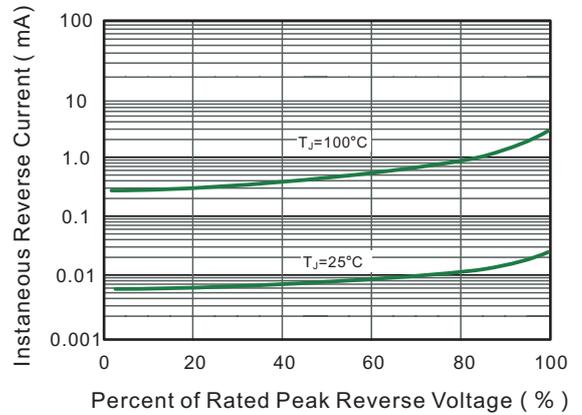


Fig.3 Typical Forward Characteristic

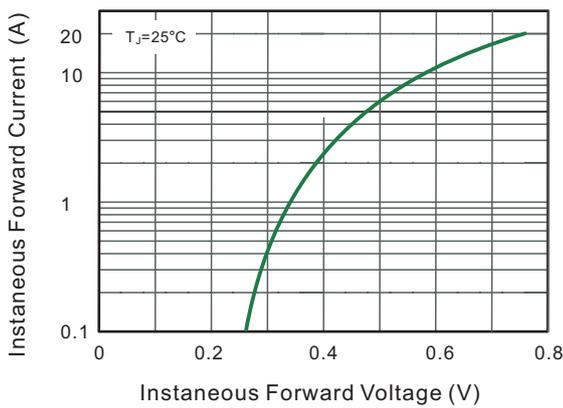


Fig.4 Typical Junction Capacitance

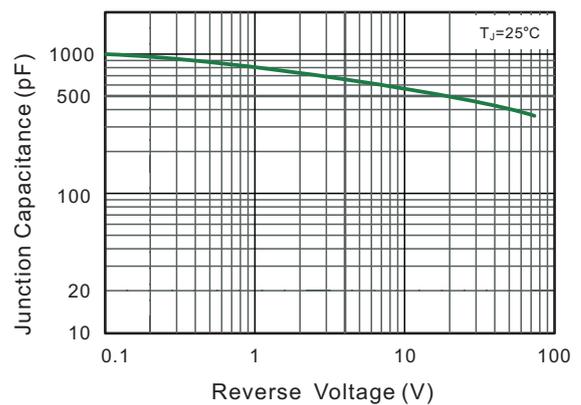


Fig.5 Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

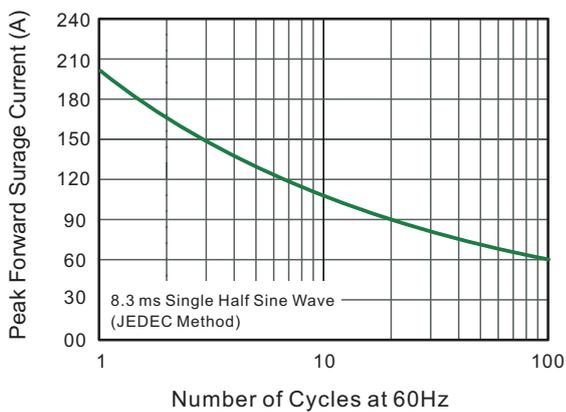


Fig.6- Typical Transient Thermal Impedance

