

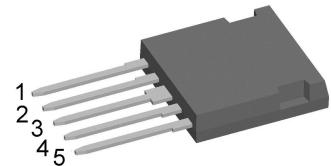
Thyristor

V_{RRM} = 2x 1600 V
 I_{TAV} = 50 A
 V_T = 1,23 V

Phase leg

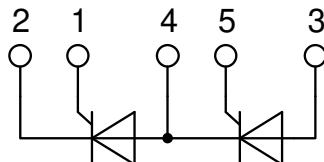
Part number

CMA50P1600FC



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: i4-Pac

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry convenient outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Backside: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

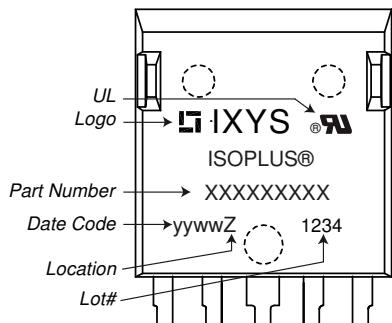
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Thyristor
Ratings

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1700	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1600	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1600 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		50 3	μA mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 50 A$ $I_T = 100 A$ $I_T = 50 A$ $I_T = 100 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1,30 1,58 1,23 1,56	V V V V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 90^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		50	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			79	A
V_{TO} r_T	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0,88 6,7	V $m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0,7	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0,2		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		170	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		850 920 725 780	A A A A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		3,62 3,52 2,63 2,53	kA²s kA²s kA²s kA²s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	32		pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 300 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^\circ C$		10 5 0,5	W W W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 150 A$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0,3 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0,45 A; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 50 A$			150	$A/\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1000	$V/\mu s$
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1,4 1,6	V V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		80 200	mA mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0,2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				5	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$ $I_G = 0,3 A; di_G/dt = 0,3 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		450	mA
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		100	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0,5 A; di_G/dt = 0,5 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	μs
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 50 A; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s; dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s; t_p = 200 \mu s$		150		μs

Package i4-Pac			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				6		g
F_c	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	1,7			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	5,1			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	$t = 1 \text{ second}$ $t = 1 \text{ minute}$	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	3000 2500		V V

Product Marking



Part description

C = Thyristor (SCR)
 M = Thyristor
 A = (up to 1800V)
 50 = Current Rating [A]
 P = Phase leg
 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 FC = i4-Pac (5)

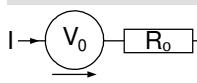
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CMA50P1600FC	CMA50P1600FC	Tube	25	507603

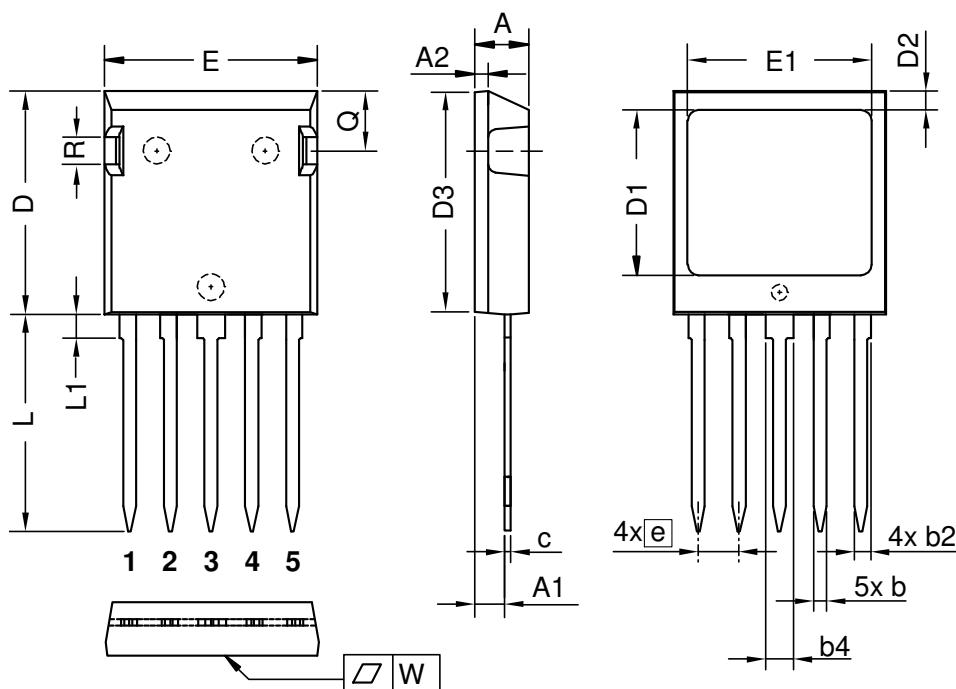
Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CMA30P1600FC	i4-Pac (5)	1600

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

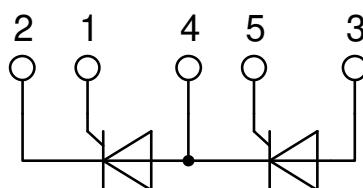
$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

	Thyristor
V_0	
$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage 0,88 V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance * 4,2 mΩ

Outlines i4-Pac


Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.59	3.00	0.102	0.118
A2	1.17	2.16	0.046	0.085
b	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
b2	1.47	1.73	0.058	0.068
b4	2.54	2.79	0.100	0.110
c	0.51	0.74	0.020	0.029
D	20.80	21.34	0.819	0.840
D1	14.99	15.75	0.590	0.620
D2	1.65	2.03	0.065	0.080
D3	20.30	20.70	0.799	0.815
E	19.56	20.29	0.770	0.799
E1	16.76	17.53	0.660	0.690
e	3.81	BSC	0.150	BSC
L	19.81	21.34	0.780	0.840
L1	2.11	2.59	0.083	0.102
Q	5.33	6.20	0.210	0.244
R	2.54	4.57	0.100	0.180
W	-	0.10	-	0.004

Die konvexe Form des Substrates ist typ. < 0.05 mm über der Kunststoffoberfläche der Bauteilunterseite
The convexbow of substrate is typ. < 0.05 mm over plastic surface level of device bottom side



Thyristor

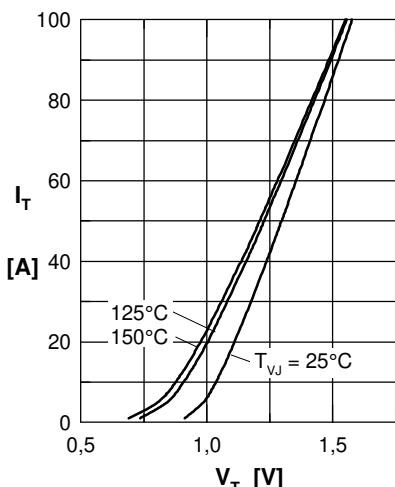


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

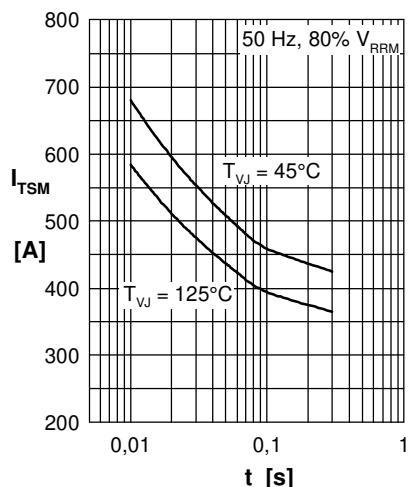


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

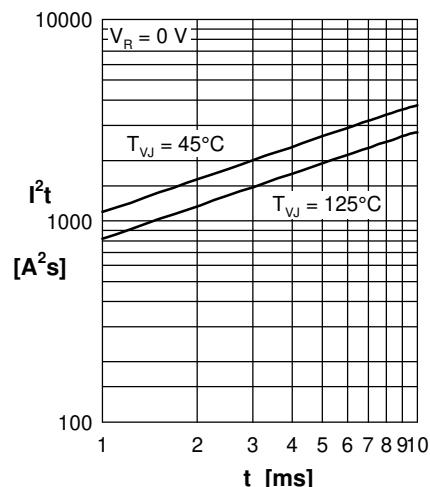


Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

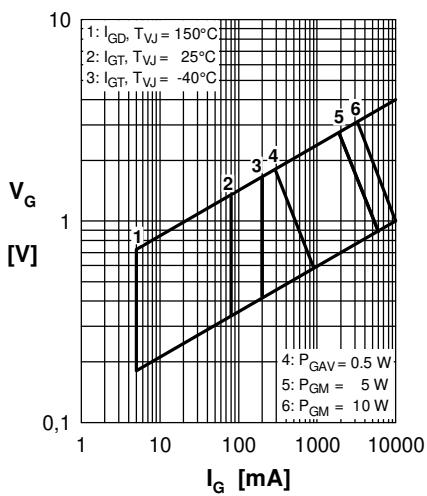


Fig. 4 Gate trigger characteristics

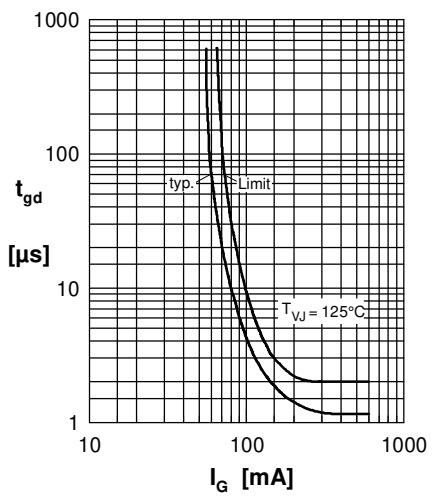


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time

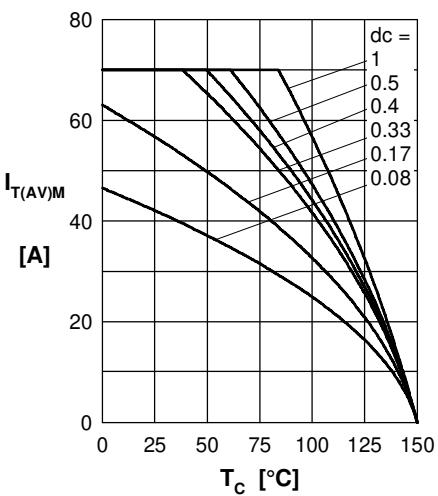


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

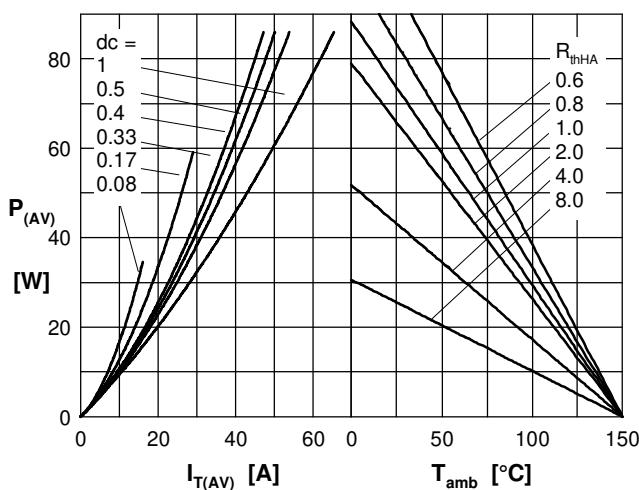


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

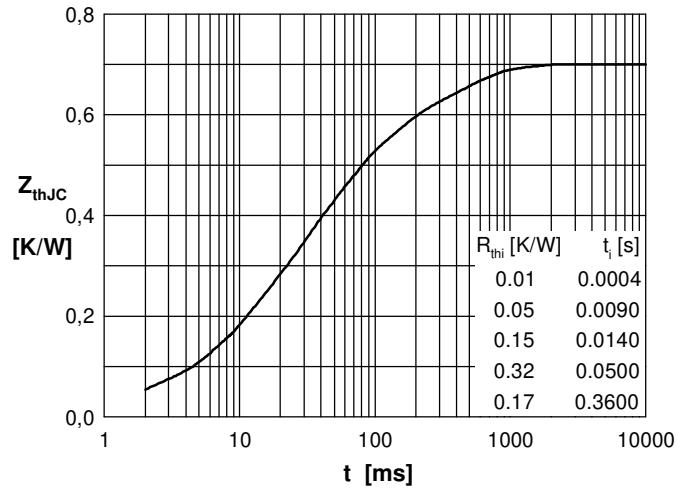


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance