Freescale Semiconductor User's Guide

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MMA845xQ Sensor Toolbox User's Guide

1 Introduction

The Freescale MMA845xQ sensor toolbox accelerometer kit provides hardware and software for development and demonstration of the MMA845xQ family of accelerometers.

The kit includes the following:

- MMA845xQ evaluation board
- MMA8451Q accelerometer daughter board
- MMA8452Q accelerometer daughter board
- MMA8453Q accelerometer daughter board

The kit requires the LFSTBUSB USB-interface board to attach the kit to a personal computer. If you already have the RD3924MM450Q Sensor Toolbox, for the MMA8450Q accelerometer, the USB board is in that kit.

The MMA845xQ kit's part number is LFSTBEB845x and the USB-interface board's part number is LFSTBUSB. Both items can be purchased on the Freescale website.

When assembled, the device detection axes are as shown in the following illustration.

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2 Getting Started

To begin using the kit, connect it to your PC and install the sensor toolbox software.

2.1 Connecting the Kit

Select one of the three daughter boards and attach it to the evaluation board, as directed in the MMA845xQ *Quick Start Guide* included with the boards.

Connect the LFSTBUSB USB-interface board to a spare USB port on a Windows-based PC using the USB cable that comes with the USB board. If the board's red power LED does not illuminate, check the board's power switch, near its USB connector.

2.2 Installing the Sensor Toolbox Software

Perform the following procedure to install the software.

Near the end of this process, you will be asked if you want to install a serial-to-USB driver included with the sensor toolbox. If you have been previously used Freescale's sensor toolbox software, these drivers already are installed on your PC.

1. To download the sensor toolbox software, click the following link:

http://www.freescale.com/sensortoolbox.

The webpage, shown below, appears.

Sensor Toolbox



Freescale offers the Sensor Toolbox that provides a customizable selection of sensor development tools, accessories and software from Freescale's portfolio of acceleration, pressure and proximity touch sensors which enrich designs with a broad range of capabilities in detecting real-world conditions, such as motion, touch or pressure.

Download Software Required for all Sensor Toolbox boards

2. Click the Download Software button.

The Sensor Toolbox Installer license agreement page appears.

3. Scroll down to the bottom of the page, shown below, and click the I Accept button.

SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this Agreement is held for any reason to be invalid or unenforceable, then the remaining provisions of this Agreement will be unimpaired and, unless a modification or replacement of the invalid or unenforceable provision is further held to deprive you or Freescale of a material benefit, in which case the Agreement will immediately terminate, the invalid or unenforceable provision will be replaced with a provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to the intention underlying the invalid or unenforceable provision.

NO WAIVER. The waiver by Freescale of any breach of any provision of this Agreement will not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other or a subsequent breach of the same or a different provision.

Accept Decline.

- 4. Save the software's installation executable file (SensorToolboxInstaller.exe) to your PC.
- 5. If you have not already connected the toolkit to your PC, perform the procedure in Section 2.1, "Connecting the Kit".
- 6. Locate the installation file on your PC and double-click on it.
- 7. Proceed through the setup wizard's series of dialog boxes.

During the process, you will be asked if you want a Sensor Toolbox icon added to your Start menu and desktop.

8. When the Ready to Install dialog box, shown below, appears, review the installation configuration and click the Install button.

ensor Toolbox on your computer.	al a
tion, or click Back if you want to review	or
Toolbox	*
	2
	ensor Toolbox on your computer. tion, or click Back if you want to review Toolbox

A progress bar displays the status of the software installation and the final dialog box, shown below, appears.



- 9. Do any of the following and click the Finish button:
 - To install the Future Technology Devices International (FTDI) serial-to-USB communications driver, enable the Install FTDI Driver checkbox
 - To launch the toolbox software upon completion of the setup, leave the Run Sensor Toolbox checkbox enabled

If you chose to install the FTDI driver, a command-line window briefly appears.

The application is now ready for use.

2.3 Opening the Sensor Toolbox Software

To launch the toolbox software, either double-click on the application's desktop icon or choose Start > Programs > Sensor Toolbox > Sensor Toolbox. This displays the sensor toolbox's hardware-detection dialog box, shown below.



If the LFSTBUSB USB-interface board is connected properly, then the software will detect which of the MMA845xQ daughter boards is attached to the evaluation board, and display the device-specific menus. Upon device connection, the software displays the demo launcher menu, shown in the next illustration.



- To launch a demo, click on its box.
- To navigate to a different demo, close the browser window for the current demo and click on a different demo box in the launcher menu, which remains in the background as long as the application is running.

3 Understanding the Accelerometer Demonstrations

The sensor toolbox has several demonstrations for the MMA845xQ accelerometers, each showcasing the built-in intelligence of the individual devices. The demos include tilt detection, orientation detection, directional tap, and directional shake. There also is a full-system evaluation mode that allows you to evaluate the sensor at the register level.

3.1 Directional Flick Application

This demo enables you to evaluate the built-in algorithm for detecting flicks (transient events) with all three accelerometers. You can evaluate Freescale's default configuration and modify those settings to tailor a demonstration to your target application.

Launching the demo displays the Active screen.

3.1.1 Active Screen

The Active screen contains a Direction Event Detected indicator with a direction text display, a picture showing how to hold the device, and some pictures that can be manipulated by flicking the device. The flick must be done in the direction indicated by the red arrow.



3.1.2 Standby Screen

Use the Standby screen to:

- Change the sample rate of the device
- Enable the low-noise mode
- Change the over-sampling setting
- Calibrate the device

- Set the dynamic range
- Change the device state and the parameters for detecting transient events



Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option	Description		
	Sample Rate	Enables you to change the rate at which the device acquires data.		
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Low Noise Mode for more accurate readings. Note: In this mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.		
	Over-Sampling	Normal Mode	Normal operation.	
	Options for Data	Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.	
Operation Mode		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode, but at the expense of accuracy.	
		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current Normal mode, but less than Low Power mode and reduces noise.	
	Auto Calibrate	Directs the device to calculate the offsets for each axis (account for any error in measurements). For maximum resolution, the calibration is done with a dynamic range of 8g and a sample rate of 1.563 Hz.		
		Note: Before enabling this mode, place the device on a flat and stationary surface.		
Dynamic	• 2g	Sets the range over which the accelerometer is acquiring data.		
Range	• 4g • 8g			

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Screen frame	Field or option	Description		
Standby Active	Standby option button	Deactivates the device. Note: Before any settings can be changed, the Standby option must be enabled.		
	Active ¹ option button	Activates the device. Note: Settings cannot be changed in the Active state. Note: After changing the configuration settings, enable the Active option.		
	Standby ModeWake ModeSleep Mode	Indicates the device's status.		
	Default Transient Settings	Sets the parameters for detecting flicks to their working values, as defined at the factory.		
	Bypass HPF (High-Pass Filter)	Directs the application to use the raw accelerometer data before it has been passed through the HPF. Note: The Bypass HPF setting should normally be disabled.		
Transient Settings	 Enable X Flag Enable Y Flag Enable Z Flag 	 Allows flicks along these axes to trigger the "Event Detected" Indicator on the Demo Screen. Note: Only the Y axis will move the pictures and correctly trigger the direction indicator. If enabled, the X and Z axes will only trigger the Event Detected indicator on the Demo screen. 		
	Enable Latch	Causes any triggered event to remain until the status buffer is read. If this checkbox is not enabled, the interrupt will only last as long as the event and the status buffer will represent the most-recent event. This setting should be enabled for the flick detection to work properly. If it is disabled, the events that are moving the pictures will constantly occur as you move the device and the pictures will simply flick from end to end.		
	Threshold slider	Sets the threshold for flick events to be detected. Flicks at a smaller g-force than this value are filtered out. To move the slider, the Reset button must be clicked. After the selection is made, click the Set button to change the setting.		
Transient	Debounce slider	This slider sets the amount of time that the configured conditions must be in place to trigger the main flick event. Any event whose duration does not exceed this time will not trigger an interrupt.To move the slider, the Reset button must be clicked.After the selection is made, click the Set button to change the setting.		
Settings (continued)	Decrement Debounce option button	Selecting this option causes the Debounce timer to be decremented each time an event fails to reach the debounce time.		
	Clear Debounce option button	Selecting this option will cause the timer set by the Debounce slider to reset each time an event fails to reach the debounce time.		
	Set button	Saves the new configuration settings after the repositioning of the Threshold and Debounce sliders.		
	Reset button	Enables you to move the Threshold and Debounce sliders.		

Table 1. Directional Flick – Active/Standby screens (Continued)

¹ After Changing the configuration settings, you must enable the Active option button.

3.2 Tilt Detection Application

3.2.1 Active Screen

The Active screen enables you to evaluate the built-in algorithm for detecting the device's tilt, in conjunction with the device's resolution mode (coarse or fine). You can evaluate the default configuration and modify the settings to tailor the demonstration to your target application.



3.2.2 Standby Screen

Use the Standby screen to:

- Change the sample rate of the device
- Change the over-sampling setting
- Enable Low-Noise mode
- Set the dynamic range
- Change the device state



Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
	Coarse	Indicates the angle the device is being held at, along the X and Y axes (degrees).
(Resolution)	Fine	Shows the Arcminutes value of the angle (where an Arcminute is equal to1/60 of a degree).

Table 2. Tilt Detection – Active/Standby screens

Screen frame	Field or option	Description		
	Sample Rate	Enables you to change the rate at which the device acquires data. Note: The tilt demo will not function at the 1.563 Hz Sample Rate.		
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Low Noise Mode for more accurate readings. Note: In Enable Low Noise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.		
	Over-Sampling	Normal Mode	Normal operation.	
	Options for Data	Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.	
Operation Mode		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy.	
Mode		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current than Normal mode does, but less current than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise.	
	Auto Calibrate	 Directs the device to calculate the offsets for each axis (accounting for any error in measurements). For maximum resolution, the calibration is done with a dynamic range of 8g and a sample rate of 1.563 Hz. Note: Before enabling Auto Calibrate mode, place the device on a flat and stationary surface. Note: Before returning to active mode, it is necessary to set the Sample Rate back to a usable value, because running Auto Calibrate sets the device to the 1.563 Hz Sample Rate (a frequency at which the tilt application cannot function). 		
Dynamic Range	• 2g • 4g • 8g	Sets the range over which the accelerometer is acquiring data.		
	Standby option button	Deactivates the device. Note: Before any settings can be changed, the Standby option must be enabled.		
Standby Active	Active ¹ option button	Activates the device. Settings cannot be changed in the Active state. Note: After changing the configuration settings, enable the Active option.		
	Standby ModeWake ModeSleep Mode	Indicates the device's s	tatus.	
Start button	(This button curre	ton currently is not functional.)		

Table 2. Tilt Detection – Active/Standby screens (Continued)

¹ After changing the configuration settings, you must enable the Active option button.

3.3 Orientation Application

The Orientation application demo enables you to evaluate the built in Portrait/Landscape algorithm for detecting orientation. Using this application, you can evaluate Freescale's default configuration, as well as change the settings to tailor the demonstration to your target application

3.3.1 Active Screen

You can evaluate the default configuration and modify the settings, to tailor the demonstration for your target application.



3.3.2 Standby Screen

Use the Standby screen to:

- Change the sample rate of the device
- Change the over-sampling setting
- Enable low noise mode
- Set the dynamic range
- Set the device's state
- Change the parameters for detecting orientation changes

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Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
	Portrait/Landscape	Shows the angle of the X and Y axes of the device. If the device is tilted and passed the Z-lockout angle, then changes in the X and Y axes are ignored and the gauge displays "Lock Out." To resume orientation detection, rotate the device away from the Z-lockout angle. For more information about the Z-lockout angle, see Section 3.3.2, "Standby Screen".
	(Simulated mobile phone)	Orients the phone at the angle indicated by the data from the accelerometer.
	Back/Front	Displays the Front/Back angle of the device.

Table 3. Orientation – Active/Standby screens

Screen frame	Field or option	Description		
-	Sample Rate	Enables you to change the rate at which the device acquires data.		
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Low Noise Mode for more accurate readings.		
		Note: In Enable Low Noise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.		
	Over-Sampling Options	Normal Mode	Normal operation.	
	for Data	Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.	
Mode		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy.	
		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current than Normal mode does, but less current than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise.	
	Auto Calibrate	Directs the device to calculate the offsets for each axis (account for any error in measurements). For maximum resolution, the calibration is done with a dynamic range of 8g and a sample rate of 1.563 Hz. Note: Before enabling this mode, place the device on a flat and stationary surface.		
Dynamic Range	• 2g • 4g • 8g	Sets the range over which the accelerometer is acquiring data.		
	Standby	Deactivates the device.		
	option button	Note: Before any settings can be changed, the Standby option must be enabled .		
	Active ¹	Activates the device.		
Standby	option button	Note: Settings cannot be changed in the Active state.		
Active		Note: After changing the configuration settings, enable the Active option.		
	Standby ModeWake ModeSleep Mode	Indicates the device's s	status.	

Table 3. Orientation – Active/Standby screens (Continued)

Screen frame	Field or option	Description		
	Enable P/L	Enables the frame's settings to be modified. Clearing the checkbox will not, however, prevent the demo from functioning.		
	Set Default Settings	Resets the frame's settings to the default values defined at the factory.		
	Portrait-To-Landscape Trip Angle	Shows the current value.		
	Landscape-To-Portrait Trip Angle	Shows the current value.		
	Z-Lock Angle	Changes the Z-axis angle at which the device will ignore changes in orientation. (For more information, see "Orientation Application.")		
	B/F Trip Angle	(Back/Front Trip Angle) Changes the range of z-axis angles within which the device considers itself facing front and back.		
Orientation Detection	P-L Trip Angle	 (Portrait-to-Landscape Trip Angle) Changes the <i>midpoint</i> of the angle at which the device will change from portrait to landscape orientation, or vice versa. For changing to right, the angle is measured down from the positive X axis. For changing to the left, landscape orientation, the angle is measured up from the X-axis. 		
	Hysteresis Angle	Changes the <i>distance from the midpoint</i> of the angle at which the device will change from portrait to landscape orientation, or vice versa. The actual trip angle for changing orientation is the P-L angle ± this angle.		
	Debounce slider	Changes the time that the device waits after a physical orientation change is detected, before triggering an orientation-change interrupt. To move the Debounce slider, the Reset button must be clicked. After the Debounce selection is made, click the Set button to change the setting.		
	Decrement Debounce	Causes the Debounce timer to decrement each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time.		
	Clear Debounce	Causes the timer set by the Debounce slider to reset each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time.		
	Set button	Saves the new configuration settings after the repositioning of the Threshold and Debounce sliders.		
	Reset button	Enables you to move the Threshold and Debounce sliders.		

Table 3. Orientation – Active/Standby screens (Continued)

¹ After changing the configuration settings, you must enable the Active option button.

3.4 Graphical Datalogger Application

This application generates a data log from the accelerometer and enables you to export it to a text file. This enables you to evaluate the device's default settings and any of your modifications, and to tailor the datalogger to your data-collection needs.

3.4.1 Main Screen

The Main screen selects the data to be logged, and includes a drop-down menu for saving that data to a file.



The elements of the main screen are described in the following table.

Element		Description	
File drop-down menu	Selecting File > Save saves the graph's currently displayed data to a file at your specified location.	The data is saved as a Comma-Separated Values (*.csv) file, which can be viewed with any text-based or spreadsheet application.	
Registers	Opens the Registers section.		
Acceleration graph	Displays the data acquired by the accelerometer.The data is acceleration (g value or counts) vs. time (seconds).		
Start a New Datalog button	Starts logging the data acquired by the accelerometer and displays it in the graph.		
 X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis Checkboxes 	 Enabling a checkbox begins displaying accelerometer data for the specified axis. Clearing the checkbox stops displaying the data. 	The legend items above each checkbox indicate the line colors for the respective axes.	

Table 4. Graphical Datalogger – Main screen

Element	Description		
Show G Values	Pushing this toggle up graphs the accelerometer's Y-axis g-force readings.		
Show Count Values	Pushing this toggle down graphs the accelerometer's Y-axis count readings.		
Number of points	The number of points in the current grap	h.	
Ctrl+N to start a new datalog	Keyboard shortcut to start a new datalog	l.	
Configuration	Configuration Active with		
status bar	[MMA8451Q] ID	The device ID	
	HW:3002	The device's hardware revision number	
	SW:4003	The device's software revision number	
	BL:4002		
	at COM3	The communications port that the device is using	
	115200	The baud rate at which the device is communicating with the computer (PC)	
	8 None One None	8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no error checking	

Table 4. Graphical Datalogger – Main screen (Continued)

3.4.2 Configuration Screen

The Configuration screen gives you access to advanced options.

nteractionMode: Zoo	mX, ZoomY, Zoo 👻 Curs	ors: (Collection)	Annotations: (Collection)	Plots: (Collection)	Registe
2- - 1.5- -							
0.5 - - 0 -							
-0.5 -			Configuration				-
Datalogger ope Data source 14 Bit Method ODR	Sensor Rate	Operation Enable I Oversa Norma Hi Res	on Mode Low Noise (Up to 5.5g) mpling Options f al Mode © Low & Mode © Low	for Data Power Mode Noise Low Po	Auto librate	● 2g ● 2g ● 4g ● 8g	4096 counts/g 2048 counts/g 1024 counts/g
ODR		 Home Hi Res 	Mode O Low	Noise Low Po	ower		

- Datalogger Operation ٠
- Dynamic Range
- FIFO Configuration

Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option		Description			
Datalogger	Data Source	 Selects the number of b more-precise values, bu Selecting the 8-bit op Y, and ZMSB register Selecting 14 bit for th reads the 8 MSB bits Selecting 12 bit for th reads the 8 MSB bits Selecting 10 bit for th reads the 8 MSB bits 	its to be read from the device. A higher number of bits produces it it requires more time and power. tion causes the program to read only the 8 bits stored in the X, rs. e MMA8451Q and the 6 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. e MMA8452Q and the 4 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. e MMA8453Q and the 2 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers.			
Datalogger Operation	Method	 This drop-down list enal Selecting ODR will caregisters. Selecting FIFO will caro use the functions is selected. 	his drop-down list enables you to select how the data is read from the device. Selecting ODR will cause the data to be read directly from the device's output registers. Selecting FIFO will cause the data to be collected from the FIFO on the device. To use the functions in the FIFO Configuration frame, the FIFO option must be selected.			
	Sensor Rate	This drop-down list enab Note: While sensor rate device is capable which the Datalog selectable in this	his drop-down list enables you to select the rate that the accelerometer collects data at. lote: While sensor rate options above 200 Hz are included in the list (because the device is capable of operating at these rates), 200 Hz is the highest sensor rate at which the Datalogger can function— therefore these sensor rates will not be selectable in this application.			
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Lo Note: In Enable Low No	w Noise Mode for more accurate readings. ise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.			
Operation	Auto Calibrate	Directs the device to cal measurements). For ma of 8g and a sample rate Note: Before enabling A surface.	 Note: In Enable Low Noise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read. Directs the device to calculate the offsets for each axis (accounting for any error in measurements). For maximum resolution, the calibration is done with a dynamic range of 8g and a sample rate of 1.563 Hz. Note: Before enabling Auto Calibrate mode, place the device on a flat and stationary surface. 			
Mode	Over-Sampling	Normal Mode	Normal operation.			
	Options for Data	Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.			
		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy.			
		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current than Normal mode does, but lesscurrent than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise.			
Dynamic Range	• 2g • 4g • 8g	Sets the range over which the accelerometer acquires data.				
FIFO	Fill Buffer option button	Fills the FIFO with data that the FIFO is full.	and then dumps that data to the Acceleration graph each time			
FIFO Configuration ¹	Circular Buffer option button	Fills the FIFO with data This will cause a 32-poir on the graph.	Is the FIFO is full. Is the FIFO with data and then begins feeding it out from the front of the line. his will cause a 32-point lag between when the data is acquired and when it is displayed the graph.			

Table 5. Graphical Datalogger – Configuration screen

Table 5. Graphical Datalogger –	Configuration screen (Continued)
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Screen frame	Field or option	Description
	Watermark slider	Determines when the Watermark Flag will activate.
1 -	slider	

To use the functions in this frame, the Method drop-down field must be set to FIFO.

3.4.3 Registers Screen (Advanced Users Only)

The Registers screen enables you to read from or write to any of the device's registers. For information about the functions and values of each register, see the *Intelligent Motion Sensing Platform Data Sheet* (MMA845xL).



3.5 NVM Datalogger Application

The Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) datalogger application enables you to make a log of data collected from the accelerometer (using the device's non-volatile memory), and export it (the data) to a text file. This enables you to evaluate the device's default settings and any of your modifications, for tailoring the datalogger for your data-collection needs.

NOTE

- The datalog is not erased when the device is powered off and on.
- When the NVM datalogger is started, a new piece of firmware is loaded onto the device to enable its use (you may see a Loader screen). When a new application is next opened, the firmware will be returned to normal (you will see the same screen again).

The application can collect the data, using either the device tethered to the computer with the USB cable or using a 9V battery board (LFSTBBAT9). The battery board can be purchased on the Sensor Toolbox website.



3.5.1 Main Screen

The Main screen enables you to start a new datalog, erase an existing datalog, or configure the datalog options. The Main screen's elements are described in the following table.

To display the Configuration screen, move the mouse over that menu's heading, at the bottom of the main screen.



Table 6. NVW Datalogger – Main screen

Screen frame	Element	Description
	NVM is Erased status indicator	 If green, the text "NVM is erased" is displayed, indicating that the device is ready to start a new datalog. If red, the text "NVM is not erased" is displayed, indicating that the device has stored a new datalog to memory. Pressing the "Erase NVM memory" button deletes all data currently stored in NVM, and returns the indicator to the green state.
Non-Volatile Memory	Progress indicator	Shows the progress of the "Erase NVM memory" or "Download to Excel" operation.
	Erase NVM memory button	Erases the non-volatile memory on the device. Note: Before a new datalog is started, the "Erase NVM memory" button must be clicked .
	Download to Excel button	Exports the data stored in the device's NVM to a comma-separated-values (.csv) file (which can be opened with any spreadsheet or text application).
Datalog Options	Tethered Datalog	Collects data with the NVM while the device is still connected to the computer. The device will begin taking data as soon as the "Start a New Datalog" button is clicked.
	Untethered Datalog	Enables an external source to power the device while data is being collected in the NVM. (See Section 3.5.1.1, "Process for Untethered Dialog", just after this table.)

Table 6. NVW Datalogger – Main screen (Continued)

Screen frame	Element	Description
Start a New Datalog	Starts a new datalog. Before using the "Start a	a New Datalog" function, the Erase NVM memory button must be clicked.

3.5.1.1 Process for Untethered Dialog

- 1. If the NVM Status Indicator is not green, then click the Erase NVM Memory button.
- 2. Click the Start New Datalog button.
- 3. Disconnect the device from the computer and attach it to the external power source.
- 4. If you have configured a delay, then start the timer (by pressing the small button on the right side of the device).

For information about setting a delay, see Delay Options in Table 7, "NVW Datalogger – Configuration screen," on page 25.

5. To download the data, reconnect the device to the computer and re-open the NVM Datalogger demo.

3.6 Configuration Screen

The Configuration screen is displayed by moving the mouse pointer over the Configuration heading at the bottom of the main screen. The screen's elements are described in the following table.

Non-Volatile Memory NVM is erased Progress: Erase NVM memory	Datalog Tether Boa Boa No c NVM Unteth Boa Boa Boa Proc	options ed datalog: rd connected to PC rd powered by USB delay A must be erased first <u>ered datalog:</u> rd disconnected from PC rd needs external power supply grammable delay
	Configuration	
Datalogger operation Data source Sensor Rate 14 Bit • 50 Hz •	Delay options No delay 5 sec. 15 sec. 30 sec. 1 min. 	Dynamic Range 2g4096 counts/g4g2048 counts/g8g1024 counts/g
Communication Active with [MMA8451Q] ID HW:3002	SW:d002 BL:4002 at COM3 115200 8 None One N	None:

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Screen frame	Element	Description
Datalogger Operation	Data Source	 Selects the number of bits to be read from the device. A higher number of bits produces more-precise values, but requires more time and power. Selecting the 8-bit option causes the program to read only the 8 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZMSB registers. Selecting 14 bit for the MMA8451Q reads the 8 MSB bits and the 6 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. Selecting 12 bit for the MMA8452Q reads the 8 MSB bits and the 4 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. Selecting 10 bit for the MMA8452Q reads the 8 MSB bits and the 4 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers.
	Sensor Rate	This drop-down list enables you to select the rate that the accelerometer collects data at.
	No Delay	Disables the delay function.
Delay Options	 5 sec 15 sec 30 sec 1 min 	Sets how long that the device waits, after its start button is pressed, before data is passed to the NVM.
Dynamic Rang e	• 2g • 4g • 8g	Sets the range over which the accelerometer acquires data.

Table 7. NVW Datalogger – Configuration screen

3.7 Directional Tap with FIFO Application

The Directional Tap Application demo evaluates the built-in algorithm for detecting pulses in conjunction with the FIFO. You can evaluate Freescale's default configuration and modify those settings to tailor a demonstration for your target application.

This demo includes MCU-status and estimated-current displays, which enable you to demonstrate the device's power-saving sleep mode feature.

NOTE

The Directional Tap Application demo is available only for the MMA8451Q device.

3.7.1 Active Screen

The Active screen contains a set of indicators that change to green when a tap is detected. It also has a graph displaying the data stored in the FIFO, displays that show the MCU status, an estimate of used current, and the direction of the last tap. The screen's elements are described in the following table.



Screen frame	Element	Description
Tap Status	Double Tap	Green indicates that a double tap has been detected.
	X-AxisY-AxisZ-Axis	Green indicates the axis or axes along which the tap is occurring.
	Event Detected	Green indicates that a tap has been detected along any axis.
FIFO Algorithm Direction	Direction	Indicates the direction of the last tap the device detected. For example, "z-negative" indicates a tap on the top of the device.
FIFO Data	Acceleration Graph	Shows the data collected and stored in the FIFO from the last tap.
	• X-Axis • Y-Axis • Z-Axis	Indicate the color of the graph lines for the respective axes.
MCU Status	Green indicates that th	he MCU has gone from Sleep to Wake mode.
Estimated System Current	Displays the amount of current that the device is probably drawing from the power source.	

Table 8. Directional Tap – Active/Standby screens

3.7.2 Standby Screen

Use the Standby screen to:

- Change the sample rate, over-sampling setting, and orientation-detection parameters
- Enable the low-noise mode
- Set the dynamic range
- Choose the state of the device

Tap Status	FIFO Data		
	8 -	Standby • A	ctive Dynamic Range
Double Tap	<u>5</u> -	Standby Mode	2g 4096 counts/g 14-bit
(-Axis 🥑		Wake Mode	• 4g 2048 counts/g 14-bit
(-Axis 🥘	erati	Sleep Mode	
Z-Axis 🧑	-5 -		Auto
Event Detected	-8-	Sample Rate 4	Calibrate
	0 10 20	31 Enable Low Nois	se (Up to 5.5g)
FIFO Algorithm Direction —	Samples	Overcompling Opt	ione for Data
TFO Algorithm Direction ——	Samples	Oversampling Opt	ions for Data
FIFO Algorithm Direction	Samples	Oversampling Opt	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power
FIFO Algorithm Direction	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Status	Oversampling Opt Normal Mode Hi Res Mode ht = 0.5mA	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power
stimated System Current	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Wake Curre MCU Steep Curre	i int = 12mA nt = 0.5mA	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap
TFO Algorithm Direction stimated System Current 0.725 mA	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis K-Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Sleep Curre	int = 12mA nt = 0.5mA	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
FIFO Algorithm Direction stimated System Current 0.725 mA 2 Enable X SP ☑ Enable Y S	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Status SP Z Enable 2.SP Enable Latch	nt = 12mA nt = 0.5mA • Default Single Tap • LPF Enable	ions for Data Law Power Mode Law Noise Law Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
FIFO Algorithm Direction Stimated System Current 0.725 mA Enable X SP I Enable Y S	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Steep Curre MCU Sleep Curre SP Z Enable Z SP Enable Latch	nt = 12mA nt = 0.5mA	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
IFO Algorithm Direction stimated System Current 0.725 mA 2 Enable X SP ☑ Enable Y S Pulse Time Limit 10(ms	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis X-Axis MCU Status MCU Status SP Inable Z SP Enable Latch	nt = 12mA nt = 0.5mA	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
 PFO Algorithm Direction stimated System Current 0.725 mA a Enable X SP I Enable Y SP Pulse Time Limit 10(ms Set Time Limit 	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis X-Axis MCU Status MCU Status Y-Axis MCU Sleep Curre XCU Sleep Cur	nt = 12mA nt = 0.5mA XThreshold 2.02 g	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
FIFO Algorithm Direction Stimated System Current O. 725 mA Enable X SP I Enable Y S Set Time Limit Enable X DP Enable Y D	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Wake Curre MCU Steep Curre SP Enable Z.SP Enable Latch	AThreshold 2.02 g	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
 IFO Algorithm Direction stimated System Current 0.725 mA a Enable X SP ☑ Enable Y S Pulse Time Limit 10(ms Set Time Limit Genable X DP ☑ Enable Y D Pulse Latency 200,00 ms 	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Wake Curre MCU Status MCU Steep Curre SP Enable Z.SP Enable Latch Reset Time Limit P Enable Z.DP	AThreshold 2.02 g	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass
PFO Algorithm Direction stimated System Current 0.725 mA 2 Enable X SP Pulse Time Limit 10(ms Set Time Limit 2 Enable X DP 2 Enable X DP	Samples X-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis MCU Status MCU Wake Curre MCU Status MCU Steep Curre SP Enable Z SP Enable Latch Reset Time Limit P Enable Z DP	AThreshold 2.02 g	ions for Data Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power Default Single + Double Tap HPF Bypass

The Standby screen contains the following menu frames:

- Operation Mode
- Dynamic Range
- Standby Active
- (Tap Settings)

Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option		Description	
	Sample Rate	Enables you to change t	he rate at which the device acquires data.	
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Lo	w Noise Mode for more accurate readings.	
		Note: In Enable Low Noise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.		
	Over-Sampling	Normal Mode	Normal operation.	
	Options for Data	Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.	
Operation Mode		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy.	
		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current than Normal mode does, but less current than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise.	
	Auto Calibrate	Directs the device to calculate the offsets for each axis (accounting for any error in measurements). For maximum resolution, the calibration is done with a dynamic range of 8g and a sample rate of 1.563 Hz.		
		Note: Before enabling A surface.	uto Calibrate mode, place the device on a flat and stationary	
Dynamic	• 2g	Sets the range over whi	ch the accelerometer acquires data.	
Range	• 4g			
÷	• 8g			

Table 9. Directional Tap – Active/Standby screens

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
	Standby option button	Deactivates the device. Note: Before any settings can be changed, the Standby option must be enabled.
Standby Active	Active option button	Activates the device. Note: Settings cannot be changed in the Active state. Note: After changing the configuration settings, enable the Active option.
	Standby ModeWake ModeSleep Mode	Indicates the device's status.
	Enable X SP Enable Y SP Enable Z SP	(Enable Single Pulse) Allows flicks along these axes to trigger the "Event Detected" Indicator on the Demo Screen.
	Enable Latch	 Causes any triggered event to remain until the status buffer is read. If this checkbox is not enabled, then the interrupt will only last as long as the event, and the status buffer will represent the most-recent event. The Enable Latch setting should be enabled for the tap detection to work properly. If Enable Latch is disabled, then tap events will trigger multiple interrupts, instead of triggering a single interrupt.
(Tap Settings)	Pulse Time Limit	 Sets the maximum time that a pulse can last before it (the pulse) is ignored as a non-tap event. Before using the Pulse Time Limit slider, you must click the Reset Time Limits button. After using the Pulse Time Limit slider, click the Set Time Limits button to change the setting.
	Default Single Tap	Sets the parameters for detecting single taps to the factory-defined values. To configure this frame's other values, the Default Single Tap option button must be cleared.
	Default Single + Double Tap	Sets the threshold for detecting single and double taps to the factory-defined values. To configure this frame's other values, the Default Single + Double Tap option button must be cleared.

Table 9	Directional	Tan – <i>I</i>	Active/Stand	v screens	(Continued)
Table 3.	Directional	rap - r		y scieciis	(Commucu)

Screen frame	Field or option	Description			
	LPF Enable	(Low-Pass Filter) Sends accelerometer data through a low-pass filter before it is processed by the tap application. This filter treats higher frequency signals as noise, filtering out very fast shocks (to prevent them from being detected as taps).			
	HPF Bypass	 (High-Pass Filter) Sends the raw accelerometer data to the tap application, bypassing the high-pass filter. The HPF Bypass option button normally should be cleared. Enabling the HPF Bypass can cause non-tap events (such as tilting the device) to be registered as taps. 			
	Set Time Limit ¹	After changing the value of the Pulse Time Limit slider, you must click the Set Time Limit button.			
	Reset Time Limit ¹	 Before using the slider in the Pulse Time Limit field, you must click the Reset Time Limit button. After using the slider in the Pulse Time Limit field, click the Set Time Limits button. 			
(Tap Settings, continued)	X ThresholdY ThresholdZ Threshold	 Sets the G threshold for a tap to be detected along the designated axis. Pulses with a G value less than the setting will be ignored. Before using the sliders, you must click the Reset XYZ Thresholds button. After using the sliders, click the Set XYZ Thresholds button. 			
	Set XYZ Thresholds button ²	After changing the value of any of the axis threshold slider settings, click the Set XYZ Thresholds button.			
	Reset XYZ Thresholds button ²	Before changing the settings of any of the axis threshold sliders, you must click the Reset XYZ Thresholds button first.			
	 Enable X DP Enable Y DP Enable Z DP 	(Enable Double Pulses) Enables detection of double pulses along the specified axis or axes. For example, if you only want to see double taps on the right side of the device, then clear the Z and Y DP checkboxes.			
	Ignore Latent Pulses	Causes the device to ignore the Pulse Latency timer (set by the Pulse Latency Slider) and to detect taps directly after other taps.			
	Pulse Latency	Sets the amount of time that the device waits after a tap, before registering the next tap. Subsequent taps that occur within this period are ignored.			
	Second Pulse Latency	Sets the amount of time that the device will wait to reset, after receiving an initial pulse. A pulse detected after the set time will be considered a new first pulse.			

Table 9. Directional Tap – Active/Standby screens (Continued)

¹ Before resetting the value of the Pulse Time Limit slider, you must click the Reset Time Limit button. After setting the value, you must then click the Set Time Limit.

² Before resetting the value of the X, Y, or Z threshold sliders, you must click the Reset XYZ Thresholds button. After setting the value, you must then click the Set XYZ Thresholds button.

3.8 Directional Shake with FIFO Application

The Directional Shake Application demo evaluates the built-in algorithm for detecting transient events in conjunction with the FIFO. You can evaluate Freescale's default configuration and modify those settings, to tailor a demonstration for your target application.

This demo includes MCU-status and estimated-current displays, which enable you to demonstrate the device's power-saving sleep mode feature.

NOTE

The Directional Shake Application demo is available only for the MMA8451Q device.

3.8.1 Active Screen

The Active screen contains a set of indicators that change to green when a transient event (shake) is detected. A graph displays the data stored in the FIFO with MCU-status and shake-direction indicators, and also provides an estimated-current field.



	Element	Description				
Transient Status	 X Negative Y Negative Z Negative	Indicators change from red to green when a shake event is detected along the indicated axis.				
	Event Detected	Indicator changes from red to green when a shake event is detected along any axis.				
Software Direction	Direction	Displays the direction of the last shake that the device detected. For example, the display "z-negative" indicates the device was shaken downward.				
FIFO Data	Acceleration	Shows the data collected and stored in the FIFO from the last shake.				
	• X-Axis • Y-Axis • Z-Axis	These graph-legend entries give the line color of the graph lines for the respective axes.				
MCU Status	Indicator changes fro	Indicator changes from red to green when the MCU is active (not in Sleep mode).				
Estimated System Current	Displays the amount	of current the devices is probably drawing from the power source.				

Table 10. Directional Shake – Active/Standby screens

3.8.2 Standby Screen

Use the Standby screen to:

- Change the sample rate of the device
- Enable low-noise mode
- Change the over-sampling options
- Calibrate the device
- Set the dynamic range
- Change the device mode
- Change the parameters for detecting the transient events

		FIFO Data	
Transient Status	10 -		MCU Status
X Negative 🥥 Y Negative 🥥 Z Negative 🌀	ration (g)		0
	ccele		Estimated System Curren
Event Detected	A		0.524 m/
Operation Mode		Samples K-Axis Y-Axis Z-Axis	MCU Wake Current - MCU Sleep Current =
Sample Rate 🛛 100 Hz 💉 📃	Enable Low Noise (Up to 5.5g)	2g 4096 counts/g 14-bit	Standby Active
Oversampling Options for Data Normal Mode Low Power Hi Res Mode Low Noise	Mode Auto Low Power	 4g 2048 counts/g 14-bit 8g 1024 counts/g 14-bit 	Standby Mode 🏾 🌑 Wake Mode 🥌 Sleep Mode 🥌
rangiont Sottings	- 0	Threshold 0.69 g	
Default Transient Settings	Bypass HPF		

The Standby screen contains the following menu frames:

- ٠ **Operation Mode**
- Dynamic Range ٠
- Standby Active •
- **Transient Settings** •

Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Table 11. D	irectional Sha	ke – Active/Star	ndby screens
-------------	----------------	------------------	--------------

Screen frame	Field or option	Description				
	Sample Rate	Enables you to change t	nables you to change the rate at which the device acquires data.			
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Low Noise Mode for more accurate readings.				
		Note: In Enable Low No	ise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.			
Over-Sampling		Normal Mode	Normal operation.			
Operation Mode Auto	Options for Data	Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.			
		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy.			
		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current than Normal mode does, but less current than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise.			
	Auto Calibrate	 Directs the device to calculate the offsets for each axis (accounting for any error in measurements). For maximum resolution, the calibration is done with a dynamic range of 8g and a sample rate of 1.563 Hz. Note: Before enabling Auto Calibrate mode, place the device on a flat and stationary surface. 				
Dynamic	• 2g	Sets the range over white	ch the accelerometer acquires data.			
Range	• 4g					
Ŭ	• 8g					

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
	Standby option button	Deactivates the device. Note: Before any settings can be changed, the Standby option must be enabled.
Standby Active	Active ¹ option button	Activates the device. Note: Settings cannot be changed in the Active state. Note: After changing the configuration settings, enable the Active option.
	Standby ModeWake ModeSleep Mode	Indicates the device's status.
	Default Transient Settings	Returns the demo parameters for detecting shakes to the default settings (configured at the factory).
	Bypass HPF	 (High-Pass Filter) Sends the raw accelerometer data to the shake application, bypassing the high-pass filter. Normally, the Bypass HPF option button should be cleared. Enabling the Bypass HPF can cause non-shake events (such as tilting the device) to be registered as shakes.
	Threshold slider	 Sets the threshold for flick events to be detected. Flicks at a smaller g-force than this value are filtered out. Before using the Threshold slider, you must first click the Reset button. After using the Threshold slider, click the Set button to change the setting.
	Debounce slider	 Sets the amount of time that the configured conditions must be in place to trigger the main flick event. Any event whose duration does not exceed this time will not trigger an interrupt. Before using the Debounce slider, you must first click the Reset button. After using the Debounce slider, click the Set button to change the setting.
Transient Settings	 Enable X SP Enable Y SP Enable Z SP 	 (Enable Single Pulse) Allows flicks along these axes to trigger the "Event Detected" Indicator on the Demo Screen. Note: Only the Y axis will move the pictures and correctly trigger the direction indicator. If enabled, the X and Z axes will trigger only the Event Detected indicator on the Demo screen.
	Enable Latch	 Causes any triggered event to remain until the status buffer is read. If the Enable Latch checkbox is not enabled, then: the interrupt will only last as long as the event the status buffer will represent the most-recent event
	Set ²	After changing the values of the Threshold and Debounce sliders, you must click the Set button to implement the settings.
	Reset ³	Before changing the settings of the Threshold and Debounce sliders, first you must click the Reset button.
	Decrement Debounce	Selecting the Decrement 'debounce option causes the Debounce timer to be decremented, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time.
	Clear Debounce	Selecting Clear Debounce option will cause the timer set by the Debounce slider to reset, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time.

Table 11. Directional Shake – Active/Standby screens (Continued)

¹ After changing the configuration settings, you must enable the Active option button.

² After the settings of the Threshold and Debounce sliders have been changed, you must click the Set button to implement the new values.

³ Before changing the settings of the Threshold and Debounce sliders, first you must click the Reset button.

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3.9 Full-System Evaluation

The Full-System Evaluation application enables you to access all of the features of the device from a single screen. You can evaluate Freescale's default configuration for all device features, and modify feature settings to tailor a demonstration for your target application.

3.9.1 Operation-Mode Frame

An operation-mode frame appears at the top of each screen, with tabs below that frame, enabling you to quickly navigate among the different demos.



• Dynamic Range

Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option	Description			
	Standby ¹ Option Button	Deactivates the device. Note: Before any settings are changed, the Standby option must be enabled . Note: Standby mode is not the same as Sleep mode.			
	Active ² Option Button	Activates the device, en • Settings cannot be ch • After changing the co	abling data to be collected. nanged in the Active state. onfiguration settings, enable the Active option.		
	Sample Rate	Enables you to change	the rate at which the device acquires data.		
	HP Filter	Sets the cut-off frequency for the high-pass filter that data is processed with, before it (the data) is displayed on a demo screen. The HP filter is enabled by the HPF Data Out checkbox.			
Main	Standby ModeWake ModeSleep Mode	Indicates the device's status.			
	Over-Sampling	Normal Mode	Normal operation.		
		Hi Res Mode	The device gives more accurate readings, but draws more current.		
		Low Power Mode	The device draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy.		
		Low Noise Low Power	The device draws more current than Normal mode does, but less current than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise.		
	HPF Data Out	(High-Pass Filter) Causes data to be processed by the device's high-pass filter, before that data is used by the application for the graphical or other display.			
	Enable Low Noise	Enables the device's Low Noise Mode for more accurate readings. Note: In Enable Low Noise mode, any g-force greater than ±4g will not be read.			
Dynamic Range	• 2g • 4g • 8g	Sets the range over whi	ch the accelerometer acquires data.		

Table 12. Full-System Evaluation – Operation-Mode screen

¹ Before any settings can be changed, the Standby option button must be enabled.

 2 After changing the configuration settings, you must enable the Active option button.

3.9.2 Main Screen



Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen Frame	Element or screen group	Element or description	Description			
	Acceleration Graph	Shows the data collected and stored in the FIFO from the last shake. The acceleration in Gs is plotted against the number of samples.				
	• XYZ 14-Bit (for MMA8451Q)	Selects the number of bits to be read from the device. A higher number of bits produces more precise values, but requires more time and power.				
	• XYZ 12-Bit (for MMA8452Q)	• Selecting 14 bit for the MMA8451Q reads the 8 MSB bits and the 6 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers.				
Real-Time Output ¹	• XYZ 10-Bit (for MMA8453Q)	• Selecting 12 bit for the MMA8452Q reads the 8 MSB bits and the 4 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers.				
	• XYZ 8-Bit	 Selecting 10 bit for the MMA8453Q reads the 8 MSB bits and the 2 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. 				
		 Selecting the 8-bit option causes the program to read only the 8 bits store in the X, Y, and ZMSB registers. 				
	• X-Axis	Directs the device	to display the current g-force, and count measurements for			
	• Y-Axis	the selected axis	or axes.			
	• Z-Axis					

Table 13. Full-System Evaluation – Main screen

Screen Frame	Element or screen group	Element or description	Description	
	View button	To display any da clicked.	ta in this screen frame's fields, the View button must be	
	Disable button	To stop displaying current readings in this screen frame's fields, click the Disable button.		
	Self Test	Enable Button	Initiates a test where the device applies a small electrostatic force to the sensor, to simulate a small acceleration.	
			If you leave this box checked during tests, then all measurements will be offset by this simulated acceleration.	
	X-AxisY-AxisZ-Axis	These graph-lege	nd entries give the line colors for the respective axes.	
Real-Time Output (continued)	Offset Calibration	 XCal Counts YCal Counts ZCal Counts 	Specifies the values to be added to the device's output measurements, to correct for any data inaccuracies. The calibration values will need to be calculated differently, varying with the Dynamic Range setting. If the device is reading 21 counts in the X-axis when sitting flat on a table (should be 0 counts), then the following correct values are required for the indicated Dynamic Range setting: • $2g$ – Divide the count by 4 before storing it in the register. It is not possible to store fractional values, so in this case $2^{1}/_{4} = 5.25$, and you must round down and put -5 in the XCal field. • $4g$ – you must divide the number by 2, before storing it in the register. In the above situation, you would place $(2^{1}/_{2} = 10.5)$ either -10 or -11 in the XCal field.	
		Write	Writes the values in the XCal, YCal, and ZCal text boxes into the calibration register.	
	Auto Calibrate	Makes the device calculate the necessary values for the X, Y, and ZCal fields The calibration is done with an 8g Dynamic Range and a Sample Rate of 1.563 Hz. Before clicking the Auto Calibrate button:		
		Place the deviceEnable the Stan	e on a flat, stationary surface. dby button (in the Operation Mode screen).	

 Table 13. Full-System Evaluation – Main screen (Continued)

Screen Frame	Element or screen group	Element or description	Description	
	 Normal Mode Hi Res Mode Low Power Mode Low Noise Low Power 	 Selects the over-sampling options to be used when the device is in Sleep Mode: Normal — Implements normal operation. Hi Res — Collects more accurate readings, but draws more current. Low Power — Draws less current than Normal mode does, but at the expense of accuracy. Low Noise Low Power — Draws more current than Normal mode does, but less current than Low Power mode does, and reduces noise. 		
	Auto Sleep Settings ²	Enable Auto Sleep	Enables the Auto-Sleep function of the device, which puts the device in Sleep mode when no actions are taken for the duration of the sleep timer.	
		Sleep Sample Rate	Sets the sample rate for the device when it is in Sleep mode. Lower sample rates will use less power while the device is sleeping.	
Sleep Mode Over-Sampling		Sleep Timer Slider	Determines how long a period of inactivity must pass before the device enters Sleep mode.	
Options		Reset	Before changing any setting in the Auto Sleep Settings screen group, the Reset button must be clicked.	
		Set	After changing any settings in the Auto Sleep Settings screen group, the Set button must be clicked.	
	Wake from Sleep	 FIFO Gate Transient Orientation Pulse Motion/FF 	 Specifies what type of event wakes the device from Sleep Mode. For example, if the Pulse box is checked, then tapping the device will wake it from sleep. Note: An application cannot wake the device from sleep (even if selected in this box) unless: the application is configured in its own screen (in the case of a Pulse, the Pulse Detection screen), and the application's interrupt is enabled in the Interrupts section of the Main Screen. 	
System Interrupt Settings	 FIFO Data Ready Transient Pulse Motion FF Orientation Auto Sleep 	INT Enable — S INT1 and INT2	Specifies what event triggers an interrupt. — Specifies which interrupt pin is triggered.	

 Table 13. Full-System Evaluation – Main screen (Continued)

¹ To display data in the Real-Time Output frame, the View button must be clicked. To stop displaying the current readings, click the Disable button.

² To change any setting in the Auto Sleep Settings screen group, first the Reset button must be clicked. After the settings are changed, the Set button must be clicked.

3.9.3 Registers Screen (Advanced Users Only)

The Registers screen enables you to read from or write to any of the device's registers. For information about the functions and values of each register, see the *Intelligent Motion Sensing Platform Data Sheet* (MMA845xL).



3.9.4 DataConfig Screen

The Data Configuration and Interrupt Configuration Settings (DataConfig) screen enables you to:

- Toggle the Data Ready indicators for each axis
- Enable the FIFO
- Set the operation mode for the interrupt pins

Standby Active ample Rate 800Hz HP Filter tversampling Options for Data D Normal Mode Law Power Mode D Hi Res Mode Actow Po	• <mark>16Hz v</mark> HPF Data O wer Enable Low	Standby Mode O Wake Mode O Sleep Mode O ut Noise (Up to 5.5g)	 ○ 2g 4096 counts/g 14b ○ 4g 2048 counts/g 14b ○ 8g 1024 counts/g 14b 	SENSOR TO	OLBO
ain Screen Registers DataConfig	Motion/FF Orientation T	ransient Detection Puls	e Detection FIFO	_	
Data Configuration and Interrupt Confi	guration Settings				
Interrupt Settings Reg 0x2C	Data Status Reg 0x00: Re	al Time/ FIFO Data Status -			
 INT Polarity Active Low INT Polarity Active High 	Real Time Status 🧯	FIFO Status			
 INT Push/Pull INT Open Drain 	X Data Ready	FCNT0	X Overwrite 🥥	FCNT4	
	Y Data Ready	FCNT1	Y Overwrite 🥥	FCNT5	
	Z Data Ready	FCNT2	Z Overwrite 🥥	WATERMARK	
	X Y or Z Data Ready	FCNT3	X Y or Z Overwrite 🥥	F_OVF	

Each menu frame's fields and options are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Element	Description
Interrunt Settings	INT Polarity Active LowINT Polarity Active High	 Active Low — Causes the interrupt pins to sit at a logical high level (1), and to go to logical low (0) when they are triggered. Active High — Causes the interrupt pins to sit at a logical low level (0), and to go to logical high (1) when they are triggered.
(Reg 0x2C)	INT Push/PullINT Open Drain	 Push/Pull — Activates two transistors on the interrupt pins that push up or pull down the output to the desired level. <i>This is the default setting.</i> Open Drain— When selected, the interrupt pins will be open drain, which allows multiple interrupt signals to be connected to the same interrupt line.

Table 14. Full-System Evaluation – DataConfig screen

Screen frame	Element	Description
Data Status Reg 0x00: Real Time/FIFO Data Status	 Real-Time Status FIFO Status	 Real-Time Status — Indicator goes from red to green when the demo data is being read directly from the device (rather than being read from the FIFO). FIFO Status — Indicator goes from red to green when the data is being read from the FIFO (rather than being read directly from the device)
	 X Data Ready (FCNT0) Y Data Ready (FCNT1) Z Data Ready (FCNT2) 	These indicators shift from red to green when a new measurement is waiting to be read in the output register for the respective axis or axes.
	X, Y, or Z Data Ready (FCNT3)	Shifts from red to green if <i>any axis</i> has a new reading waiting to be read. If there is no data, then the indicator remains red.
	 X Overwrite (FCNT4) Overwrite (FCNT5) Overwrite (Watermark) 	These indicators shift from red to green if a new measurement has replaced a measurement (that previously triggered the Data Ready indicator) before that earlier measurement was read.
	X, Y, or Z Overwrite (F_OVF)	Shifts from red to green if <i>any axis</i> had an old measurement that was replaced by a new measurement before the earlier measurement was read.

Table 14. Full-System Evaluation – DataConfig screen (Continued)

3.9.5 Motion/Freefall (M/FF) Screen



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The Motion/Freefall screen's elements are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Element or frame group	Element	Description			
	Default Motion Settings ¹	Sets the parameters for detecting general motion to the values set at the factory. Before changing any other settings in this frame, the Default Motion Settings checkbox must be cleared.				
	Default Freefall Settings ¹	Sets the parameters for detecting freefall to the values set at the factory. To change any other settings in this frame, the Default Freefall Settings checkbox must be cleared.				
Motion Freefall	• OR • AND	 OR — Directs any options selected by the checkboxes to the button's right, to be run through a logical OR. AND — Directs any options selected by the checkboxes to the button's right, to be run through a logical AND. This will trigger an event only if all of the checked events occur. Note: In order to select OR or AND, both the Default Motion Settings and Default Freefall Settings checkboxes must be cleared. 				
	Enable X-AxisEnable Y-AxisEnable Z-Axis	Directs the d with an abso Any event m to determine	evice to monitor for an event along the specified axis or axes, at a g force olute value higher than that specified by the Threshold slider. neeting this criteria is run through the configured OR or AND setting, a if the event is displayed.			
Enable Latch Causes any interrupt triggered by an event to remain until If the Enable Latch checkbox is not enabled, then the inter as the event does, and the status buffer represents the model		interrupt triggered by an event to remain until the status buffer is read. a Latch checkbox is not enabled, then the interrupt will last only as long a does, and the status buffer represents the most-recent event.				

Table 15. Full-System Evaluation – Motion/FF Screen

Screen frame	Element or frame group	Element	Description			
	Threshold Slider	 Sets the threshold for events to be detected. Events at a smaller g-force than this value are filtered out. Before using the Threshold slider, the Reset button must be clicked. After using the Threshold slider, click the Set button to change the setting. 				
	Debounce Slider	 Sets the amount of time that the configured conditions must be in place to trigger an interrupt. Any event whose duration does not exceed this time will not trigger an interrupt. Before using the Debounce slider, the Reset button must be clicked. After using the Debounce slider, click the Set button to change the setting. 				
	Set ² Button	After the resetting either Threshold or Debounce slider, the Set button must be clicked.				
	Reset ² Button	Before confi the Reset bu	guring the Threshold or Debounce sliders in the Motion Freefall frame, utton must be clicked.			
Motion	Decrement Debounce	Causes the Debounce timer to be decremented, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time.				
(continued)	Clear Debounce	Causes the t to reach the	timer set by the Debounce slider to reset, for each time that an event fails debounce time.			
	Motion or FF Event Detected	This indicator switches from red to green if an event is triggered.				
		Axis of Event	The indicator(s) switch from red to green when an event is triggered along the specified axis or axes: • X-Axis • Y-Axis • Z-Axis			
	Motion Status	Direction	 Displays the direction(s) of the event: X-Direction Y-Direction Z-Direction For example, the display "z-negative" indicates the device was shaken downward. 			
	This frame's label displays Low-Pass Filter Data Out or High-Pass Filter Data Out depending on whether the Filter option button has been enabled on the Full-System Evaluation demo's Operation Mode screen.					
LPF Data Out		• X-Axis • Y-Axis • Z-Axis	Each checkbox enables the collection of data along the selected axis or axes.			
HPF Data	Real-Time Output	(Graph)	Displays the data acquired by the accelerometer. Acceleration in Gs is plotted against the number of samples.			
Sut		X-AxisY-AxisZ-Axis	These graph-legend entries give the line color of the graph lines for the respective axes.			

Table 15. Full-System Evaluation – Motion/FF Screen (Continued)	Table 15.	Full-System	Evaluation	- Motion/FF	Screen	(Continued)
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¹ To configure a value in the Motion Freefall frame, both the Default Motion Settings and Default Freefall Settings checkboxes must first be cleared.

 $^2\,$ To configure the sliders in the Motion Freefall frame, first the Reset button must be clicked. After setting your slider(s), the Set button must be clicked.

3.9.6 Orientation Screen

MMA8451Q Full System Evaluation Software Standby Active Standby Active Standby Mode Sample Rate B00Hz HP Filter I6Hz Vake Mode Oversampling Options for Data Normal Mode Low Power Mode HPF Data Out HPF Data Out Low Noise Low Power HPF Data Out Enable Low Noise (Up to 5.5g)	Dynamic Range • 2g 4096 counts/g 14b • 4g 2048 counts/g 14b • 8g 1024 counts/g 14b
Main Screen Registers DataConfig Motion/FF Orientation Transient Detection Image: Content of the second sec	Ilse Detection FIFO
Communication Active with 1D HW:3002 5W:4003 BL:4002 at COM3 115200 8 None One None	Løckout o Front o Up o Back o Døwn o Left o Right o

The Orientation screen's elements are described in the following table.

Screen Frame	Element	Description
	Enable P/L	Enables configuration of the other parameters in the frame. (Clearing this checkbox will not, however, prevent the demo from functioning.)
	Portrait-to-Landscape Trip Angle	Shows the current value.
	Landscape-to-Portrait Trip Angle	Shows the current value.
	Set Default Settings	Restores all portrait-to-landscape orientation settings to the default values configured at the factory.
Orientation Detection ¹	Z-Lock Angle	Sets the Z-axis angle at which the device will ignore changes in orientation, because that value is considered to be the flat orientation.
		Note: Before configuring the Z-Lock Angle parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.
	B/F Trip Angle	(Back/Front Trip Angle) Sets the range of z-axis angles that the device considers as facing front and back. Note: Before configuring the B/F Trip Angle parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled
	P-I Trip Angle	(Portrait to Landscape)
		Sets the <i>midpoint</i> of the angle at which the device changes from portrait to landscape orientation.
		The P-L Trip Angle is measured down from the x axis (for changing to the right landscape orientation), and up from the x axis (for changing to left landscape orientation).
		Note: Before configuring the P-L Trip Angle parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.

Table 16. Full-System Evaluation – Orientation screen

Table 16. Full-System Evaluat	ion – Orientation screen (Continued)
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Screen Frame	Element	Description	
	Hysteresis Angle	 Sets the <i>distance from the midpoint</i> of the angle at which the device changes from portrait to landscape orientation. The actual trip angle for changing orientation is the P-L Angle ± this angle. Note: Before configuring the Hysteresis parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled. 	
Orientation Detection ¹ (continued)	Decrement Debounce	Causes the Debounce timer to be decremented, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time. Note: Before configuring the Decrement Debounce parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.	
	Clear Debounce	Causes the timer set by the Debounce slider to reset, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time. Note: Before configuring the Clear Debounce parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.	
	Debounce slider	 Sets the amount of time that the configured conditions must be in place, in order to trigger an interrupt. Any event whose duration does not exceed this time will not trigger an interrupt. Before moving the Debounce slider, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled and the Reset button must be clicked. After moving the Debounce slider, click the Set button to change the setting. 	
	Set	After the resetting the Debounce slider, the Set button must be clicked.	
	Reset	Before configuring the Debounce slider in the Motion Freefall frame, the Reset button must be clicked.	
	New Portrait/Landscape Position	Indicator switches from red to green when there is an orientation change.	
	Lockout	Indicator switches from red to green, to display which parameter (of the configured	
(Orientation change)	FrontBack	orientation parameters) has been tripped.	
	UpDownLeftRight		

¹ To change settings in the Orientation Detection frame, first the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.

3.9.7 Transient (Shake) Detection Screen



The elements of this shake-detection screen are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Element	Description	
	Default Transient Settings	Restores all transient-detection settings to the default values configured at the factory. Note: In order to change any of the settings in this screen frame, the Default Transient Settings checkbox must be cleared.	
Transient Settings ¹	Bypass HPF	(Bypass High-Pass Filter) Directs the application to use the raw accelerometer data before it (the raw data) has been passed through the HPF. The Bypass HPF setting should normally be disabled.	
	 Enable X Flag Enable Y Flag Enable Z Flag 	 Allows shakes along these axes to trigger the "Event Detected" Indicator on the Demo Screen. Note: Only the Y axis will move the pictures and correctly trigger the direction indicator. If enabled, the X and Z axes will only trigger the Event Detected indicator on the Demo screen. 	
	Enable Latch	Causes any triggered event to remain until the status buffer is read. If the Enable Latch checkbox is not enabled, then the interrupt will only last as long as the event, and the status buffer will represent the most-recent event.	
	Threshold slider	 Sets the threshold for the minimum g force at which a shake event is detected. Shakes at a smaller g-force than this value are filtered out. To move the Threshold slider, the Reset button must be clicked. After moving the Threshold slider, click the Set button to change the setting. 	
	Debounce slider	Sets the minimum time that a shake must last, in order to trigger the main transient event.	
	Set	After the resetting the Debounce slider, the Set button must be clicked	
Orientation Detection	Reset	Before configuring the Debounce slider in the Motion Freefall frame, the Reset button must be clicked.	
	Decrement Debounce	Causes the Debounce timer to be decremented, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time. Note: Before configuring the the Decrement Debounce parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.	
	Clear Debounce	Causes the timer set by the Debounce slider to reset, for each time that an event fails to reach the debounce time. Note: Before configuring the Clear Debounce parameter, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enabled.	
	Note: Before changing settings in the Orientation Detection frame, the Enable P/L checkbox must be enable		

Table 17. Full-System Evaluation – Transient Detection screen

Screen frame	Element	Description
This frame's label displays Low-Pass Filter Data Out or High-Pass Filter Data Out, depending on wheth Filter option button has been enabled on the Full-System Evaluation demo's Operation Mode screen.		
Out or	• X-Axis • Y-Axis • Z-Axis	Each checkbox enables the collection of data along the selected axis or axes.
	(Graph)	Displays the data acquired by the accelerometer.
HPF Data Out	• X-Axis • Y-Axis • Z-Axis	These graph-legend entries give the line color for the respective axes.
Transient Status	 X Direction X Y Direction Y Z Direction Z 	The indicator(s) switch from red to green when an event is triggered along the specified axis or axes.
	Event Detected	This indicator switches from red to green if an event is triggered.

Table 17. Full-System Evaluation – Transient Detection screen (Continued)

3.9.8 Pulse Detection Screen

MMA8451Q Full System Evaluation Software	
● Standby ● Active Standby Mode ● Sample Rate 800Hz ● HP Filter 16Hz ● Wake Mode ● Oversampling Options for Data Sleep Mode ● ● ● HP Filter 16Hz ● HP Filter 16Hz ● <th>Dynamic Range • 2g 4096 counts/g 14b • 4g 2048 counts/g 14b • 8g 1024 counts/g 14b</th>	Dynamic Range • 2g 4096 counts/g 14b • 4g 2048 counts/g 14b • 8g 1024 counts/g 14b
Main Screen Registers DataConfig Motion/FF Orientation Transient Detection Pu	ulse Detection FIFO
Single/ Double Tab Sectings	Default Single Tap Default Single + Double Tap
	LPF Enable HPF Bypass
Set Time Limit Reset Time Limit	
X Threshold O g 📮	Single Tap and Double Tap Status
Y Threshold O g 📮	Double Tap 🥥
Z.Threshold O g	X Detected Oirection X
Set XYZ Thresholds Reset XYZ Thresholds	Y Detected 🥥 Direction Y
Enable X DP Enable Y DP Enable Z DP Ignor Latent Pulses Pulse Latency 0.00 ms	Z Detected 🥥 Direction Z
2nd Pulse Windov 0.00 ms	Event Detected
Set Time Limits Reset Time Limits	
Communication Active with ID HW:3002 SW:4003 BL:4002 at COM3 115200 8 None One None	

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The elements of the Pulse Detection (tap detection) screen are described in the following table.

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
Single/ Double Tap Settings	Default Single Tap	Sets the parameters for detecting single taps to the factory-defined values. Note: To configure this frame's other values, the Default Single Tap option button must be cleared.
	Default Single + Double Tap	Sets the threshold for detecting single and double taps to the factory-defined values. Note: To configure this frame's other values, the Default Single + Double Tap option button must be cleared.
	 Enable X SP Enable Y SP Enable Z SP 	(Enable Single Pulse) Allows taps along these axes to trigger the "Event Detected" Indicator on the Tap Status frame. For example, to see only taps on the top of the device, clear the X and Y SP boxes.
	Enable Latch	Causes any triggered event to remain until the status buffer is read. If the Enable Latch checkbox is not enabled, then the interrupt will only last as long as the event, and the status buffer will represent the most-recent event.
	LPF Enable	(Low-Pass Filter) Sends accelerometer data through a low-pass filter before it (the data) is processed by the tap application. The low-pass filter treats higher frequency signals as noise, filtering out very fast shocks, to prevent them (the fast shocks) from being detected as taps.

Table 18. Full-System Evaluation – Pulse Detection screen

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
Single/ Double Tap Settings (continued)	HPF Bypass	 (High-Pass Filter) Sends the raw accelerometer data to the tap application, bypassing the high-pass filter. The HPF Bypass option button normally should be cleared. Disabling the high pass filter can cause non-tap events (such as tilting the device) to be registered as taps.
	Pulse Time Limit slider	 Sets the maximum time that a tap can last before it is ignored (i.e., it is not considered a tap). Before using the Pulse Time Limit slider, you must click the Reset Time Limit button. After using the Pulse Time Limit slider, click the Set Time Limit button to change the setting.
	Set Time Limit ¹	After changing the value of the Pulse Time Limit slider, the Set Time Limit button must be clicked.
	Reset Time Limit ¹	 Before using the Pulse Time Limit slider, the Reset Time Limit button must be clicked. After using the Pulse Time Limit slider, the Set Time Limit button must be clicked.
	 X Threshold Y Threshold Z Threshold sliders 	 Sets the g threshold for a tap to be detected along the designated axis. Pulses with a G value less than the setting will be ignored. Before using the axis threshold sliders, you must click the Reset XYZ Thresholds button. After using the axis threshold sliders, the Set XYZ Thresholds button must be clicked.
	Set XYZ Thresholds button ²	After changing the value of any of the axis threshold slider settings, the Set XYZ Thresholds button must be clicked.
	Reset XYZ Thresholds button ²	Before changing the settings of any of the axis threshold sliders, the Reset XYZ Thresholds button must be clicked.
	 Enable X DP Enable Y DP Enable Z DP 	(Enable Double Pulses) Enables detection of double pulses along the specified axis or axes. For example, if you only want to see double taps on the right side of the device, then the Z and Y DP checkboxes should be cleared.
	Ignore Latent Pulses	Causes the device to ignore the Pulse Latency timer (set by the Pulse Latency Slider) and detect taps directly after other taps.
	Pulse Latency slider	 Sets the amount of time that the device waits after a tap, before registering the next tap. Subsequent taps that occur within this period are ignored. Before using the Pulse Latency slider, you must click the Reset Time Limits button. After using the Pulse Latency slider, click the Set Time Limits button to change the setting.
	Second Pulse Latency slider	 Sets the amount of time that the device will wait to reset, after receiving an initial pulse. A pulse detected after the set time will be considered a new first pulse. Before using the Second Pulse Latency slider, you must click the Reset Time Limits button. After using the Second Pulse Latency slider, click the Set Time Limits button to change the setting

Table 18. Full-System Evaluation – Pulse Detection screen (Continued)

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Screen frame	Field or option	Description
Single/ Double Tap Settings (continued)	Set Time Limits	After changing the value of the Pulse Latency or Second Pulse Window slider, the Set Time Limits button must be clicked.
	Reset Time Limits	 Before changing the Pulse Latency or Second Pulse Window slider, the Reset Time Limit button must be clicked. After changing the Pulse Latency or Second Pulse Window slider, the Set Time Limits button must be clicked.
Single Tap and Double Tap Status	Double Tap	Turns green to indicate that a double tap has been detected.
	 X Detected - Direction X Y Detected - Direction Y Z Detected - Direction Z 	The indicator(s) switch from red to green when an event is triggered along the specified axis or axes.
	Event Detected	This indicator switches from red to green if an event is triggered.

Table 18. Full-System Evaluation – Pulse Detection screen (Continued)

¹ Before resetting the value of the Pulse Time Limit slider, you must click the Reset Time Limit button. After setting the value, you must then click the Set Time Limit.

² Before resetting the value of the X, Y, or Z threshold sliders, you must click the Reset XYZ Thresholds button. After setting the value, you must then click the Set XYZ Thresholds button.

3.9.9 FIFO Screen

Note: The FIFO screen is available only for the MMA8451Q device.

MMA8451Q Full System Evaluation Software	
O Standby ● Active Standby Mode O Dynamic Range Sample Rate 800Hz ■ HP Filter 16Hz Wake Mode O 2g 4096 coupt Oversampling Options for Data Sleep Mode ● 9g 1024 count ● Hi Res Mode ● Low Noise Low Power ■ HPF Data Out ● Bg 1024 count	BENSOR TOOLBOX
Main Screen Registers DataConfig Motion/FF Orientation Transient Detection Pulse Detection FIFO 32 Sample FIFO • View • View ×	8bit Data O View 14-bit Data Y Z
Set Watermark Reset. Watermark Watermark: 1 Trigger Transient Trigger LP Trigger Tap Trigger MFF	
Transient Current FIFO Count 0	
Overflow Flag Watermark Flag Cleat © Communication Active with ID HW:3002 SW:4003 BL:4002 at COM3 115200 8 None One None Cleat	ur Copy to Clipboard

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Screen frame	Field or option	Description
(Option buttons)	Disabled option button	Disables use of the FIFO.
	Fill Buffer option button	Fills the FIFO with data, dumps that data to the text field on the right, and begins filling the FIFO again.
	Circular Buffer option button	Fills the FIFO with data until it is full, and then begins overwriting the oldest data, each time that new data is received.
	Trigger Mode option button	Collects data in the Circular mode up to the watermark. When the trigger event occurs, the device fills the rest of the FIFO with data, and then stops taking data.
(Watermark)	Set Watermark	After changing the value of the Watermark slider, the Set Watermark button must be clicked.
	Reset Watermark	Before changing the value of the Watermark slider, the Reset Watermark button must be clicked.
	Watermark	 Determines the FIFO count after which the Watermark Flag activates. Before changing the Watermark slider's value, the Reset Watermark button must be clicked. After the Watermark value has been changed, the Set Watermark button must be clicked.
(Trigger options)	 Trigger Transient Tripper LP Trigger Tap Trigger MFF 	 When the Trigger Mode option button is enabled, these option buttons determine what event(s) trigger the FIFO to fill up and then stop taking data. The options include: Transient (shake) LP (landscape/portrait) Tap MFF (Motion/Freefall)
(Indicators)	 Transient LP Tap MFF 	The indicators switch from red to green to indicate the following events have occurred: • Transient (shake) • LP (landscape/portrait) • Tap • MFF (Motion/Freefall)
	Current FIFO Count	Displays the number of samples currently stored in the FIFO.
	Overflow Flag	Switching from red to green indicates that the FIFO has begun overwriting data in the Circular Buffer mode.
	Watermark Flag	Switching from red to green indicates that a watermark event has occurred.

Table 19. Full-System Evaluation – FIFO screen

Screen frame	Field or option	Description
(Data)	 View 8-Bit Data View 14-Bit Data 	 Specifies the number of bits to be read from the FIFO and displayed in the text field. A higher bit count produces more-precise values, but requires more time and power. 8-Bit — Dumps only the 8 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZMSB registers 14-Bit (MMA8451Q) — Dumps the 8 MSB bits and the 6 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. 12-Bit (MMA8452Q) — Dumps the 8 MSB bits and the 4 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers. 10-Bit (MMA8451Q) — Dumps the 8 MSB bits and the 2 bits stored in the X, Y, and ZLSB registers.
	(Text field)	Displays data dumped from the FIFO.

4 Running the Accelerometer Demonstrations

This section gives examples of how the demonstrations can be used. For details about each demonstration, see Section 3, "Understanding the Accelerometer Demonstrations".

4.1 Directional Flick Application

- 1. Connect any of the accelerometers to the evaluation board and launch the sensor toolbox software.
- 2. From the Demo Launch menu, select the Directional Flick Low-Power with FIFO demonstration button.
- 3. Hold the device as indicated in the screen's picture.
- 4. Flick the device to the right.

The pictures to the right should scroll in the direction of flick.

Also see "Directional Flick Application" on page 7.

4.2 Orientation (Portrait/Landscape) Application

- 1. Launch the sensor toolbox software with any of the accelerometers connected to the evaluation board.
- 2. Select the Orientation Detection demonstration from the main launcher menu.
- 3. Hold the device flat with the USB connection on the *right*.
- 4. Rotate the device clockwise, so that the USB connector is pointing down.
 - The Portrait/Landscape gauge on the left should read "Right."
 - The phone displayed in the middle should be facing you while laying on its side with the buttons on the left.
 - The Front/Back gauge should read "Front."

The device can be placed in any orientation to demonstrate its ability to detect changes. You can also position the device to exceed the configured ZY angle so that changes are prevented, with the simulated phone not changing orientation when the device is placed on a table.

Also see "Orientation Application" on page 13.

4.3 Graphical Datalogger Application

- 1. Launch the sensor toolbox software with any of the accelerometers connected to the evaluation board.
- 2. Select the Graphical Datalogger application from the main launcher menu.
- 3. Click the Start a New Datalog button.
- 4. Move the device to observe how the data is graphed on the screen.

Also see "Graphical Datalogger Application" on page 17.

4.4 Non-Volatile Memory Datalogger Application

- 1. Launch the sensor toolbox software with any of the accelerometers connected to the evaluation board.
- 2. Select the NVM Datalogger application from the main launcher menu.
- 3. Click the Erase NVM Memory button.
- 4. Click the Start a New Datalog button.
- 5. Move the device around.

Sharper movements are easier to see when the output is exported to a spreadsheet application.

- 6. When you have collected sufficient data, click the Stop Current Datalog button.
- 7. Click the Download to Excel button.

The data in the non-volatile memory is exported as a comma-separated values (.csv) file. The file can be opened with a spreadsheet or text application.

Also see "NVM Datalogger Application" on page 22.

4.5 Directional Tap with FIFO Application

- 1. Launch the sensor toolbox software with the MMA8451Q accelerometer connected to the evaluation board.
- 2. Select the Directional Tap Low-Power with FIFO demonstration from the main launcher menu.
- 3. Hold the device flat with the USB connection on the left.
- 4. Tap the top of the device.

The z-axis indicator should switch to green and the Directional Tap window should display Z-Negative.

5. To demonstrate the device's ability to detect taps, tap other sides of the device (or hold the device at an angle while tapping).

Also see "Directional Tap with FIFO Application" on page 26.

4.6 Directional Shake with FIFO Application

- 1. Launch the sensor toolbox software with the MMA8451Q accelerometer connected to the evaluation board.
- 2. Select the Directional Shake Low-Power with FIFO demonstration from the main launcher menu.
- 3. Hold the device flat with the USB connection on the left.
- 4. Shake the device away from your body.

The Y-axis indicator should switch to green and the Direction window should display Y Positive.

5. To demonstrate the device's ability to detect shakes, shake the device along any of its axes.

Also see "Directional Shake with FIFO Application" on page 31.

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Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd. Headquarters ARCO Tower 15F 1-8-1, Shimo-Meguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153-0064 Japan 0120 191014 or +81 3 5437 9125 support.japan@freescale.com

Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor China Ltd. Exchange Building 23F No. 118 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District Beijing 100022 China +86 10 5879 8000 support.asia@freescale.com

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