74LV123Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with resetRev. 7 - 12 December 2011Product data sheet

### 1. General description

The 74LV123 is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device and is pin and function compatible with the 74HC123; 74HCT123. It is a dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator which uses three methods to control the output pulse width:

- 1. The basic pulse time is programmed by the selection of an external resistor ( $R_{EXT}$ ) and capacitor ( $C_{EXT}$ ). These are normally connected as shown in Figure 9.
- 2. Once triggered, the basic output pulse width may be extended by retriggering the gated active LOW-going edge input ( $n\overline{A}$ ) or the active HIGH-going edge input (nB). By repeating this process, the output pulse period (nQ = HIGH,  $n\overline{Q} = LOW$ ) can be made as long as desired (see Figure 12).
- Alternatively, an output delay can be terminated at any time by a LOW-going edge on input nRD, which also inhibits the triggering (see Figure 13).

Schmitt-trigger action in the  $n\overline{A}$  and nB inputs makes the circuit highly tolerant of slower input rise and fall times.

### 2. Features and benefits

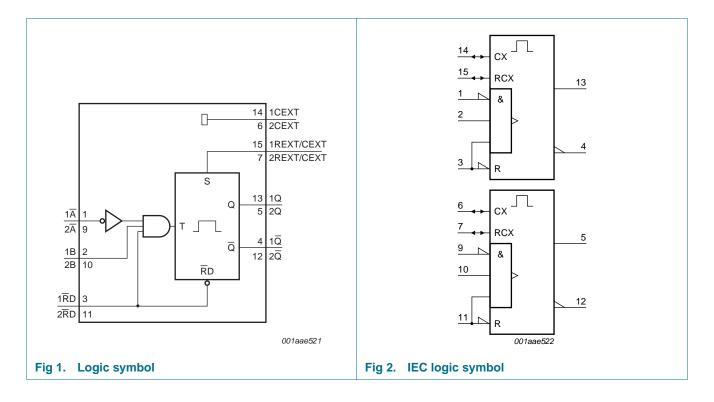
- Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 5.5 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  V and  $V_{CC} = 3.6$  V
- Typical output ground bounce: < 0.8 V at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C
- Typical HIGH-level output voltage (V<sub>OH</sub>) undershoot: > 2 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V and T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C
- DC triggered from active HIGH or active LOW inputs
- Retriggerable for very long pulses up to 100 % duty factor
- Direct reset terminates output pulses
- Schmitt-trigger action on all inputs except for the reset input



## 3. Ordering information

| Table 1. Ord | dering information |          |  |          |
|--------------|--------------------|----------|--|----------|
| Type number  | Package            |          |  |          |
|              | Temperature range  | Name     | Description  | Version  |
| 74LV123N     | –40 °C to +125 °C  | DIP16    | plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil)   | SOT38-4  |
| 74LV123D     | –40 °C to +125 °C  | SO16     | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm   | SOT109-1 |
| 74LV123DB    | –40 °C to +125 °C  | SSOP16   | plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm  | SOT338-1 |
| 74LV123PW    | –40 °C to +125 °C  | TSSOP16  | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm   | SOT403-1 |
| 74LV123BQ    | –40 °C to +125 °C  | DHVQFN16 | plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm | SOT763-1 |

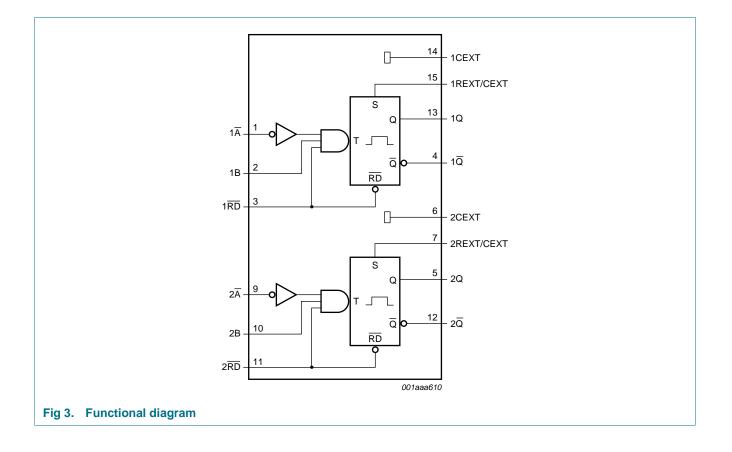
## 4. Functional diagram



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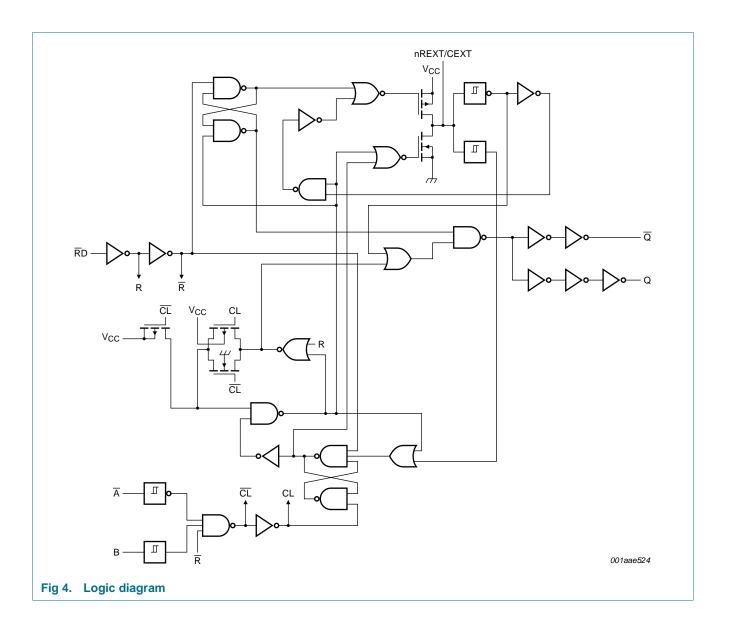
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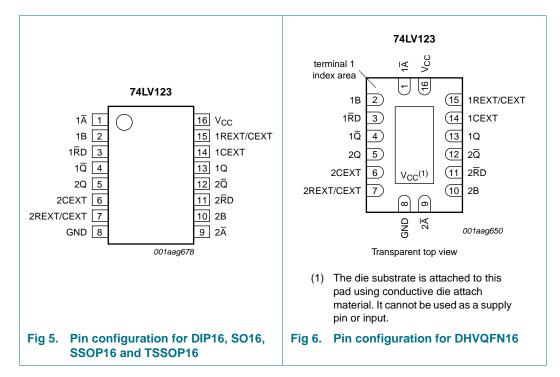
Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset



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## 5. Pinning information

### 5.1 Pinning



### 5.2 Pin description

| Table 2.         | Pin description |  |
|------------------|-----------------|--|
| Symbol           | Pin             | Description  |
| 1 <mark>A</mark> | 1               | negative-edge triggered input 1                      |
| 1B               | 2               | positive-edge triggered input 1                      |
| 1RD              | 3               | direct reset LOW and positive-edge triggered input 1 |
| 1 <mark>Q</mark> | 4               | active LOW output 1                                  |
| 2Q               | 5               | active HIGH output 2                                 |
| 2CEXT            | 6               | external capacitor connection 2                      |
| 2REXT/CEX        | XT 7            | external resistor and capacitor connection 2         |
| GND              | 8               | ground (0 V)   |
| 2Ā               | 9               | negative-edge triggered input 2                      |
| 2B               | 10              | positive-edge triggered input 2                      |
| 2RD              | 11              | direct reset LOW and positive-edge triggered input 2 |
| 2 <mark>Q</mark> | 12              | active LOW output 2                                  |
| 1Q               | 13              | active HIGH output 1                                 |
| 1CEXT            | 14              | external capacitor connection 1                      |
| 1REXT/CEX        | XT 15           | external resistor and capacitor connection 1         |
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | 16              | supply voltage                                       |
|                  |                 |  |

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## 6. Functional description

| Table 3. Fun | ction table <sup>[1]</sup> |            |            |      |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------|------------|------|
| Input        |                            |            | Output     |      |
| nRD          | nĀ                         | nB         | nQ         | nQ   |
| L            | Х                          | Х          | L          | Н    |
| Х            | Н                          | Х          | <u>[2]</u> | H[2] |
| Х            | Х                          | L          | <u>[2]</u> | H[2] |
| Н            | L                          | $\uparrow$ | Л          | U    |
| Н            | $\downarrow$               | Н          | Л          | U    |
| $\uparrow$   | L                          | Н          | Л          | T    |

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care;

 $\uparrow$  = LOW-to-HIGH transition;

 $\downarrow$  = HIGH-to-LOW transition;

\_\_\_\_\_ = one HIGH level output pulse

= one LOW level output pulse

[2] If the monostable multivibrator was triggered before this condition was established, the pulse will continue as programmed.

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## 7. Limiting values

#### Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol           | Parameter               | Conditions  | Min          | Max  | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | supply voltage          |   | -0.5         | +7   | V    |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | input clamping current  | $V_{I}$ < -0.5 V or $V_{I}$ > $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V  | <u>[1]</u> _ | ±20  | mA   |
| I <sub>OK</sub>  | output clamping current | $V_O$ < –0.5 V or $V_O$ > $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V  | <u>[1]</u> _ | ±50  | mA   |
| lo               | output current          | except for pins nREXT/CEXT;<br>$V_0 = -0.5 \text{ V}$ to ( $V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ ) | <u>[1]</u> - | ±25  | mA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | supply current          |   | -            | +50  | mA   |
| I <sub>GND</sub> | ground current          |   | -            | -50  | mA   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | storage temperature     |   | -65          | +150 | °C   |
| P <sub>tot</sub> | total power dissipation | $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C to } +125 \text{ °C}$  |              |      |      |
|                  |                         | DIP16 package   | [2] _        | 750  | mW   |
|                  |                         | SO16 package  | <u>[3]</u>   | 500  | mW   |
|                  |                         | SSOP16 package  | [4] _        | 500  | mW   |
|                  |                         | TSSOP16 package   | <u>[4]</u> _ | 500  | mW   |
|                  |                         | DHVQFN16 package  | <u>[5]</u>   | 500  | mW   |
|                  |                         |   |              |      |      |

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For DIP16 package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 12 mW/K above 70  $^\circ C.$ 

[3] For SO16 package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 8 mW/K above 70 °C.

[4] For SSOP16 and TSSOP16 packages: Ptot derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K above 60 °C.

[5] For DHVQFN16 package: Ptot derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K above 60 °C.

### 8. Recommended operating conditions

#### Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol                | Parameter                           | Conditions   | Mir          | п Тур | Max             | Unit |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|-------|-----------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>       | supply voltage                      |  | <u>1</u> 1.0 | 3.3   | 5.5             | V    |
| VI                    | input voltage                       |  | 0            | -     | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
| Vo                    | output voltage                      |  | 0            | -     | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
| T <sub>amb</sub>      | ambient temperature                 | in free air  | -40          | ) +25 | +125            | °C   |
| $\Delta t / \Delta V$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $V_{CC}$ = 1.0 V to 2.0 V                          | [2] _        | -     | 500             | ns/V |
|                       |                                     | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V to 2.7 V                          | -            | -     | 200             | ns/V |
|                       |                                     | $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V                          | -            | -     | 100             | ns/V |
|                       |                                     | $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V} \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | -            | -     | 50              | ns/V |

[1] The 74LV123 is guaranteed to function down to  $V_{CC} = 1.0 \text{ V}$  (input levels GND or  $V_{CC}$ ); Section 9 "Static characteristics" are guaranteed from  $V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}$  to  $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ .

[2] Except for Schmitt-trigger inputs  $n\overline{A}$  and nB.

### Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset

## 9. Static characteristics

#### Table 6. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| -                    | Parameter                 | Conditions   | Min                | Typ <mark>[1]</mark> | Max                     | Unit        |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = - | 40 °C to +85 °C           |  |                    |                      |                         |             |
| VIH                  | HIGH-level input voltage  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  | 0.9                | -                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   | 1.4                | -                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$   | 2.0                | -                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V  | $0.7\times V_{CC}$ | -                    | -                       | V           |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | LOW-level input voltage   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  | -                  | -                    | 0.3                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   | -                  | -                    | 0.6                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$   | -                  | -                    | 0.8                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V  | -                  | -                    | $0.3\times V_{CC}$      | V           |
| V <sub>OH</sub>      | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$  |                    |                      |                         |             |
|                      |                           | $I_0 = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 1.2 \ V$   | -                  | 1.2                  | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 2.0 \ V$   | 1.8                | 2.0                  | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 2.7 \ V$   | 2.5                | 2.7                  | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 3.0 \ V$   | 2.8                | 3.0                  | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_0 = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 4.5 \ V$   | 4.3                | 4.5                  | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = -6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$                                    | 2.40               | 2.82                 | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$                                   | 3.60               | 4.20                 | -                       | V           |
| V <sub>OL</sub>      | LOW-level output voltage  | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$  |                    |                      |                         |             |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = 100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 1.2 \ V$  | -                  | 0                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O} = 100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 2.0 \ V$  | -                  | 0                    | 0.2                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_{O}$ = 100 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V   | -                  | 0                    | 0.2                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_0 = 100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 3.0 \ V$  | -                  | 0                    | 0.2                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_0 = 100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 4.5 \ V$  | -                  | 0                    | 0.2                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_0 = 6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$                                       | -                  | 0.25                 | 0.40                    | V           |
|                      |                           | $I_0 = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$                                      | -                  | 0.35                 | 0.55                    | V           |
| l <sub>l</sub>       | input leakage current     | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 V$  | -                  | -                    | 1.0                     | μA          |
| I <sub>CC</sub>      | supply current            | $V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_{O} = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V                           | -                  | -                    | 20.0                    | μA          |
| ∆l <sub>CC</sub>     | additional supply current | $V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | -                  | -                    | 500                     | μA          |
| CI                   | input capacitance         |  | -                  | 3.5                  | -                       | pF          |
| T <sub>amb</sub> = – | 40 °C to +125 °C          |  |                    |                      |                         |             |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | HIGH-level input voltage  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  | 0.9                | -                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   | 1.4                | -                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V   | 2.0                | -                    | -                       | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V} \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                 | $0.7\times V_{CC}$ | -                    | -                       | V           |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | LOW-level input voltage   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  | -                  | -                    | 0.3                     | V           |
|                      |                           | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V  | -                  | -                    | 0.6                     | V           |
|                      |                           | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V   | -                  | -                    | 0.8                     | V           |
|                      |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$   | -                  | -                    | $0.3\times V_{CC}$      | V           |
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|                      |                           |  |                    |                      |                         |             |

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#### Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset

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| ALTECOM          | mended operating conditions | s; voltages are referenced to GND (ground =  | 0 V). |                      |      |      |
|------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------|----------------------|------|------|
| Symbol           | Parameter                   | Conditions   | Min   | Typ <mark>[1]</mark> | Max  | Unit |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | HIGH-level output voltage   | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$  |       |                      |      |      |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 1.2 \ V$   | -     | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_O = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 2.0 \ V$   | 1.8   | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_O = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 2.7 \ V$   | 2.5   | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_O = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 3.0 \ V$   | 2.8   | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 4.5 \ V$   | 4.3   | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = -6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$                                    | 2.2   | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$                                   | 3.5   | -                    | -    | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | LOW-level output voltage    | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$  |       |                      |      |      |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CC} = 1.2 \ \text{V}$                             | -     | -                    | -    | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CC} = 2.0 \ \text{V}$                             | -     | -                    | 0.2  | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O}$ = 100 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V   | -     | -                    | 0.2  | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CC} = 3.0 \ V$                                    | -     | -                    | 0.2  | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O}$ = 100 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V   | -     | -                    | 0.2  | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = 6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$                                     | -     | -                    | 0.5  | V    |
|                  |                             | $I_{O} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$                                    | -     | -                    | 0.65 | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>   | input leakage current       | $V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 V$  | -     | -                    | 1.0  | μA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | supply current              | $V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_{O} = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V                           | -     | -                    | 160  | μΑ   |
| Δl <sub>CC</sub> | additional supply current   | $V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | -     | -                    | 850  | μA   |

#### Table 6. Static characteristics ... continued

[1] All typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ .

Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset

## **10. Dynamic characteristics**

### Table 7.Dynamic characteristics

GND = 0 V;  $t_r = t_f \le 2.5$  ns; for test circuit see <u>Figure 8</u>.

| Symbol          | Parameter                   | Conditions   |     | -40 | °C to +8 | 85 °C | -40 °C to | o +125 ℃ | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|-----|-----|----------|-------|-----------|----------|------|
|                 |                             |  | -   | Min | Typ[1]   | Мах   | Min       | Мах      |      |
| Propaga         | tion delay; see <u>Fi</u> g | gure 7   | 1   |     |          |       |           |          |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub> | propagation delay           | $n\overline{R}D$ , $n\overline{A}$ and $nB$ to $n\overline{Q}$ | [2] |     |          |       |           |          |      |
|                 |                             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  |     | -   | 120      | -     | -         | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   |     | -   | 40       | 76    | -         | 92       | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$   |     | -   | 30       | 56    | -         | 68       | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                                      |     | -   | 25       | 48    | -         | 57       | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                                      |     | -   | 18       | 40    | -         | 46       | ns   |
|                 |                             | nRD to nQ (reset)  | [2] |     |          |       |           |          |      |
|                 |                             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  |     | -   | 100      | -     | -         | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   |     | -   | 30       | 57    | -         | 68       | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$   |     | -   | 23       | 43    | -         | 51       | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$             |     | -   | 20       | 38    | -         | 45       | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                                      |     | -   | 14       | 31    | -         | 36       | ns   |
| nputs n         | A, nB and nRD; se           | ee <mark>Figure 7</mark>                                       |     |     |          |       |           |          |      |
| W               | pulse width                 | $n\overline{A} = LOW$  |     |     |          |       |           |          |      |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   |     | 30  | 5        | -     | 40        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$   |     | 25  | 3.5      | -     | 30        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                                      |     | 20  | 3.0      | -     | 25        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                                      |     | 15  | 2.5      | -     | 20        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | nB = HIGH  |     |     |          |       |           |          |      |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   |     | 30  | 13       | -     | 40        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$   |     | 25  | 8        | -     | 30        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                                      |     | 20  | 7        | -     | 25        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                                      |     | 15  | 5        | -     | 20        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $n\overline{R}D = LOW$ ; see <u>Figure 13</u>                  |     |     |          |       |           |          |      |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   |     | 35  | 6        | -     | 45        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$   |     | 30  | 5        | -     | 40        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                                      |     | 25  | 4        | -     | 30        | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                                      |     | 20  | 3        | -     | 25        | -        | ns   |
| rtrig           | retrigger time              | nB to nA; see Figure 12  |     |     |          |       |           |          |      |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$   |     | -   | 70       | -     | -         | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$   |     | -   | 55       | -     | -         | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                                      |     | -   | 45       | -     | -         | -        | ns   |
|                 |                             | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                                      |     | -   | 40       | -     | -         | -        | ns   |

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#### Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset

| Symbol           | Parameter                      | Conditions  | Conditions |     | °C to + | 85 °C | –40 °C t | o +125 °C | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------|-----|---------|-------|----------|-----------|------|
|                  |                                |   | -          | Min | Typ[1]  | Max   | Min      | Max       |      |
| Outputs          | ; n <mark>Q</mark> = LOW and n | Q = HIGH, see <u>Figure 7</u>                         |            |     |         |       |          |           |      |
| tw               | pulse width                    | $C_{EXT}$ = 100 nF; $R_{EXT}$ = 10 k $\Omega$         |            |     |         |       |          |           |      |
|                  |                                | V <sub>CC = 2.0 V</sub>                               |            | -   | 470     | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$                                      |            | -   | 460     | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$    |            | -   | 450     | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                             |            | -   | 430     | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $C_{EXT} = 0 \text{ pF}; R_{EXT} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ |            |     |         |       |          |           |      |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$                                      |            | -   | 100     | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$                                      |            | -   | 90      | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$    |            | -   | 80      | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                             |            | -   | 70      | -     | -        | -         | ns   |
| External         | components                     |   |            |     |         |       |          |           |      |
| R <sub>EXT</sub> | external                       | see Figure 11   | [3]        |     |         |       |          |           |      |
|                  | resistance                     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V                               |            | 10  | -       | 1000  | -        | -         | kΩ   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$                                      |            | 5   | -       | 1000  | -        | -         | kΩ   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$                                      |            | 3   | -       | 1000  | -        | -         | kΩ   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$    |            | 2   | -       | 1000  | -        | -         | kΩ   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                             |            | 2   | -       | 1000  | -        | -         | kΩ   |
| C <sub>EXT</sub> | external                       | see Figure 11   | [3][4]     |     |         |       |          |           |      |
|                  | capacitance                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V                               |            | -   | -       | -     | -        | -         | pF   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$                                      |            | -   | -       | -     | -        | -         | pF   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$                                      |            | -   | -       | -     | -        | -         | pF   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$    |            | -   | -       | -     | -        | -         | pF   |
|                  |                                | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V                             |            | -   | -       | -     | -        | -         | pF   |
| Dynami           | c power dissipatio             | n   |            |     |         |       |          |           |      |
| C <sub>PD</sub>  | power dissipation capacitance  | $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V; $V_{I}$ = GND to $V_{CC}$           | <u>[5]</u> | -   | 60      | -     | -        | -         | pF   |

### Table 7. Dynamic characteristics ...continued

[2]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $C_{EXT} = 0 \text{ pF}$ ;  $R_{EXT} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

[3] For other  $R_{EXT}$  and  $C_{EXT}$  combinations see Figure 11 and Section 12.1.1 "Basic timing".

[4] C<sub>EXT</sub> has no limits.

[5]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in  $\mu$ W).

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} = \mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{PD}} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CC}}^2 \times \mathsf{f}_i \times \mathsf{N} + \Sigma(\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{L}} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CC}}^2 \times \mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{o}}) \text{ where:}$ 

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

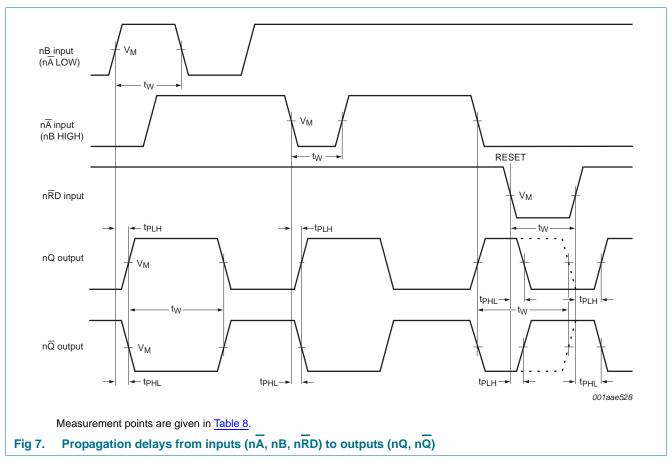
 $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

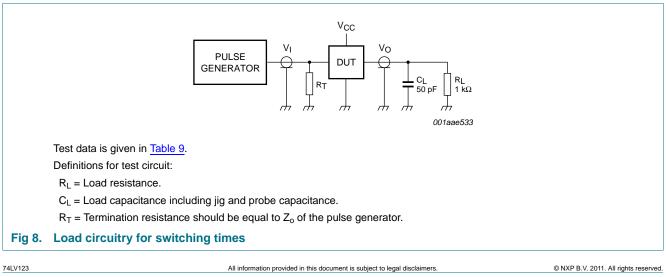
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## 11. Waveforms



#### Table 8.Measurement points

| Vcc          | V <sub>M</sub>     |
|--------------|--------------------|
| $\geq$ 2.7 V | 1.5 V              |
| < 2.7 V      | $0.5 	imes V_{CC}$ |



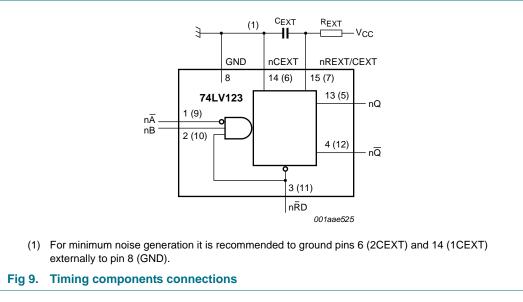
| Table 9. Test da | ta              |                                 |       |      |                                     |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------|------|-------------------------------------|
| Supply voltage   | Input           |                                 | Load  |      | Test                                |
| V <sub>cc</sub>  | VI              | t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub> | CL    | RL   |                                     |
| < 2.7 V          | V <sub>CC</sub> | $\leq$ 2.5 ns                   | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub> |
| 2.7 V to 3.6 V   | 2.7 V           | $\leq$ 2.5 ns                   | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub> |
| $\geq$ 4.5 V     | V <sub>CC</sub> | $\leq$ 2.5 ns                   | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub> |

### **12.** Application information

#### **12.1 Timing components**

#### 12.1.1 Basic timing

The basic output pulse width is essentially determined by the values of the external timing components  $R_{\text{EXT}}$  and  $C_{\text{EXT}}.$ 



If  $C_{EXT} > 10$  nF, the following formula is valid:  $t_W = K \times R_{EXT} \times C_{EXT}$  (typ.) where:

 $t_W$  = output pulse width in ns

 $R_{EXT}$  = external resistor in  $k\Omega$ 

 $C_{EXT}$  = external capacitor in pF

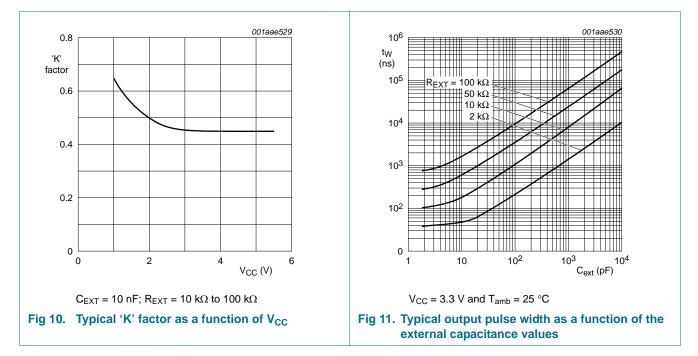
K = constant: this is 0.45 for  $V_{CC}$  = 5.0 V and 0.48 for  $V_{CC}$  = 2.0 V (see Figure 10)

The inherent test jig and pin capacitance at pin 15 and pin 7 (nREXT/CEXT) is approximately 7 pF.

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#### 12.1.2 Retrigger timing

The time to retrigger the monostable multivibrator depends on the values of  $R_{EXT}$  and  $C_{EXT}$ . The output pulse width will only be extended when the time between the active going edges of the trigger pulses meets the minimum retrigger time. If  $C_{EXT} > 10$  pF, the next formula for the set-up time of a retrigger pulse is valid:

at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V:  $t_{rtrig}$  = 30 + 0.19 $R_{EXT} \times C_{EXT}^{0.9}$  + 13 ×  $R_{EXT}^{1.05}$  (typ.)

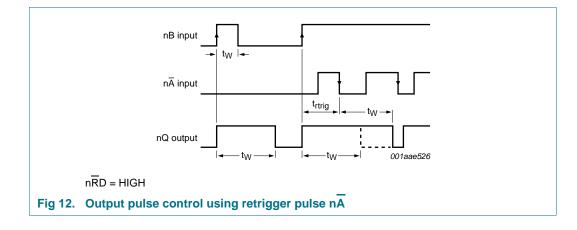
at  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V:  $t_{rtrig} = 41 + 0.15 R_{EXT} \times C_{EXT}^{0.9} \times 1 \times R_{EXT}$  (typ.)

where:

t<sub>rtrig</sub> = retrigger time in ns

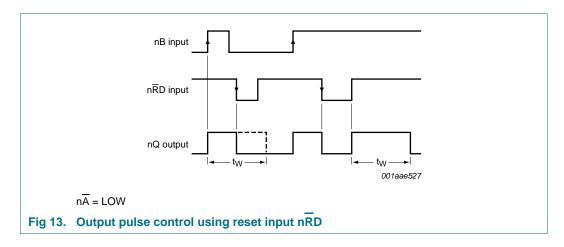
C<sub>EXT</sub> = external capacitor in pF

 $R_{EXT}$  = external resistor in k $\Omega$ 



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#### 12.1.3 Reset timing



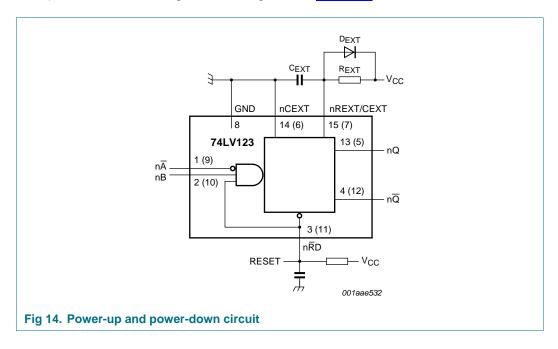
#### 12.2 Power considerations

#### 12.2.1 Power-up

When the monostable multivibrator is powered-up, it may produce an output pulse with a pulse width defined by the values of  $R_{EXT}$  and  $C_{EXT}$ . This output pulse can be eliminated using the RC circuit on pin nRD shown in Figure 14.

#### 12.2.2 Power-down

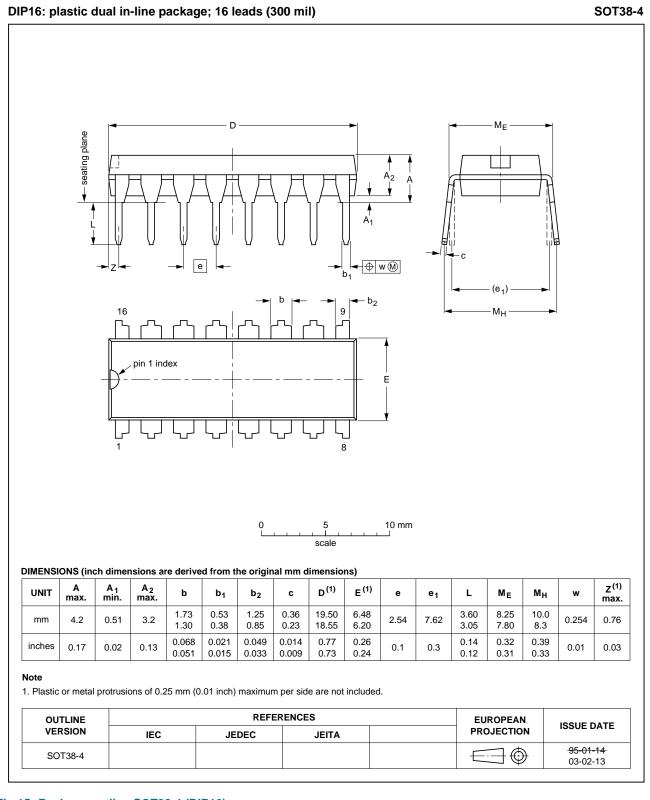
A large capacitor ( $C_{EXT}$ ) may cause problems when powering-down the monostable due to the energy stored in this capacitor. When a system containing this device is powered-down or a rapid decrease of  $V_{CC}$  to zero occurs, the monostable may sustain damage, due to the capacitor discharging through the input protection diodes. To avoid this possibility, connect a damping diode  $D_{EXT}$  (preferably a germanium or Schottky type diode) able to withstand large current surges - see Figure 14.



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## 13. Package outline



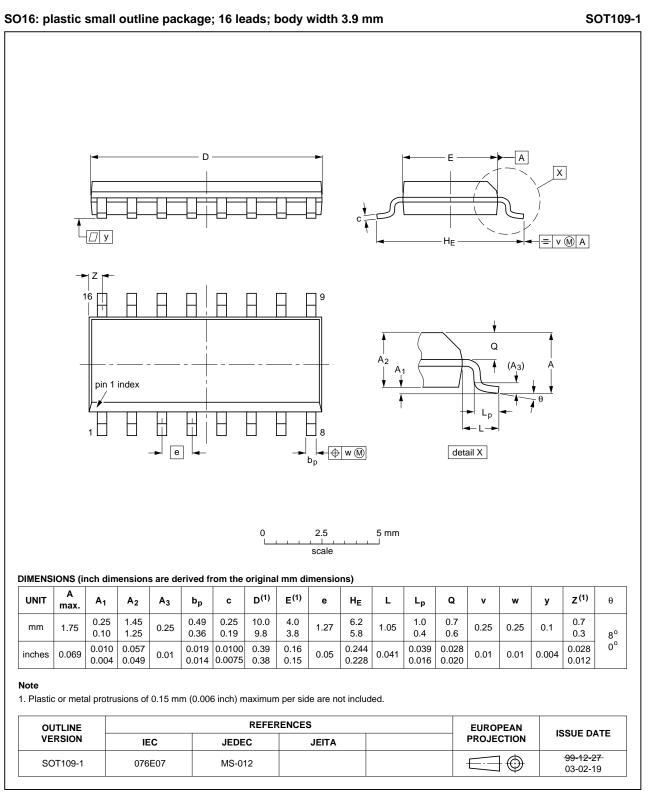
#### Fig 15. Package outline SOT38-4 (DIP16)

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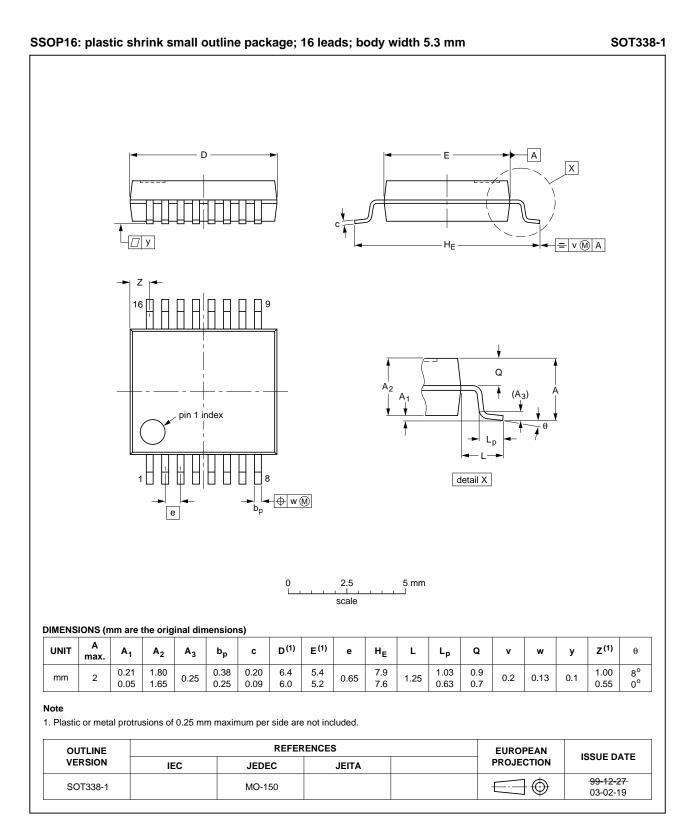
## Fig 16. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

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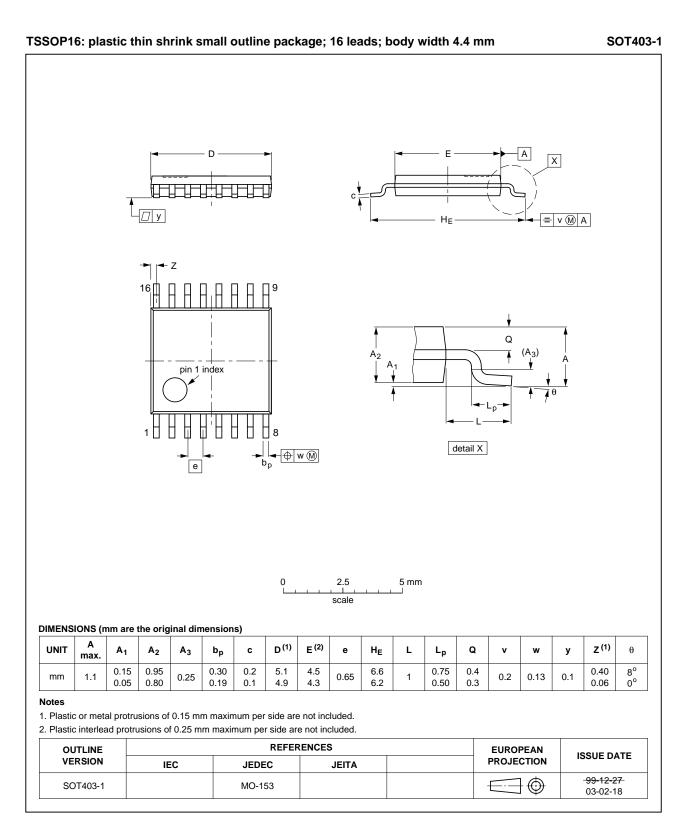
#### Fig 17. Package outline SOT338-1 (SSOP16)

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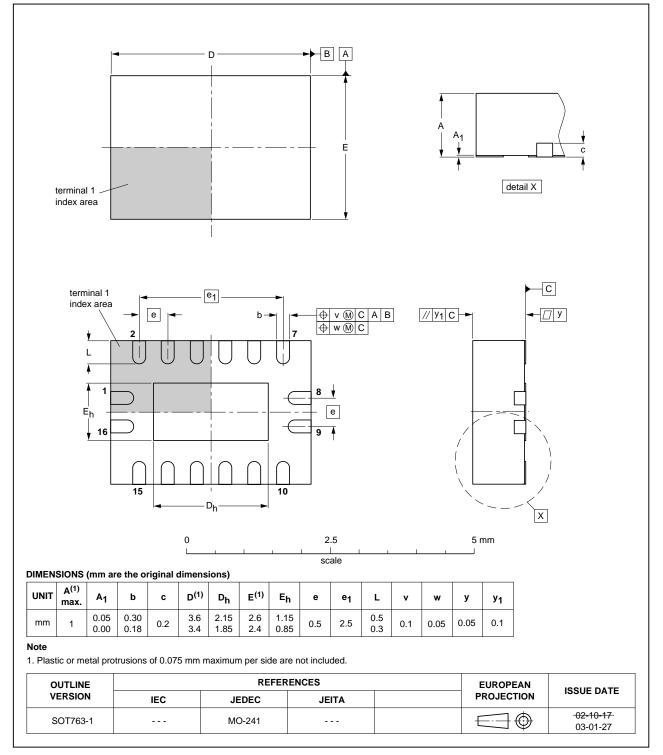


#### Fig 18. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

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DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

#### Fig 19. Package outline SOT736-1 (DHVQFN16)

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## 14. Revision history

| Document ID Release date Data sheet status Change notice Supersedes |                                 |                       |               |             |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Document ID   | iverease date                   | Data Sheet Status     | Change notice | Superseues  |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.7   | 20111212                        | Product data sheet    | -             | 74LV123 v.6 |  |  |  |
| Modifications:  | <ul> <li>Legal pages</li> </ul> | s updated.            |               |             |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.6   | 20110826                        | Product data sheet    | -             | 74LV123 v.5 |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.5   | 20071108                        | Product data sheet    | -             | 74LV123 v.4 |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.4   | 20070919                        | Product specification | -             | 74LV123 v.3 |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.3   | 20030313                        | Product specification | -             | 74LV123 v.2 |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.2   | 19980420                        | Product specification | -             | 74LV123 v.1 |  |  |  |
| 74LV123 v.1   | 19970204                        | Product specification | -             | -           |  |  |  |

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#### 15.1 Data sheet status

| Document status[1][2]          | Product status <sup>[3]</sup> | Definition  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet   | Development                   | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification                 | This document contains data from the preliminary specification.                       |
| Product [short] data sheet     | Production                    | This document contains the product specification.                                     |

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[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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Product data sheet

Rev. 7 — 12 December 2011

#### Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset

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