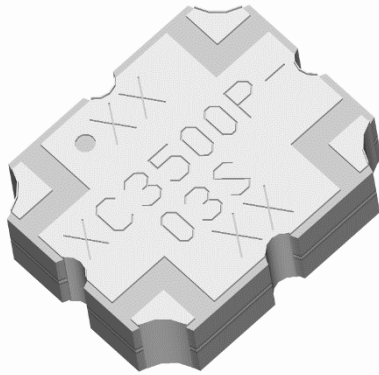




## Hybrid Coupler 3 dB, 90°



### Description:

The XC3500P-03S is a low profile, high performance 3dB hybrid coupler in a new easy to use, manufacturing friendly surface mount package. The XC3500P-03S is designed particularly for balanced power and low noise amplifiers, plus signal distribution and other applications where low insertion loss and tight amplitude and phase balance is required. It can be used in high power applications up to 55 watts.

Parts have been subjected to rigorous qualification testing and they are manufactured using materials with coefficients of thermal expansion (CTE) compatible with common substrates such as FR4, G-10, RF-35, RO4003 and polyimide. Produced with 6 of 6 RoHS compliant tin immersion.

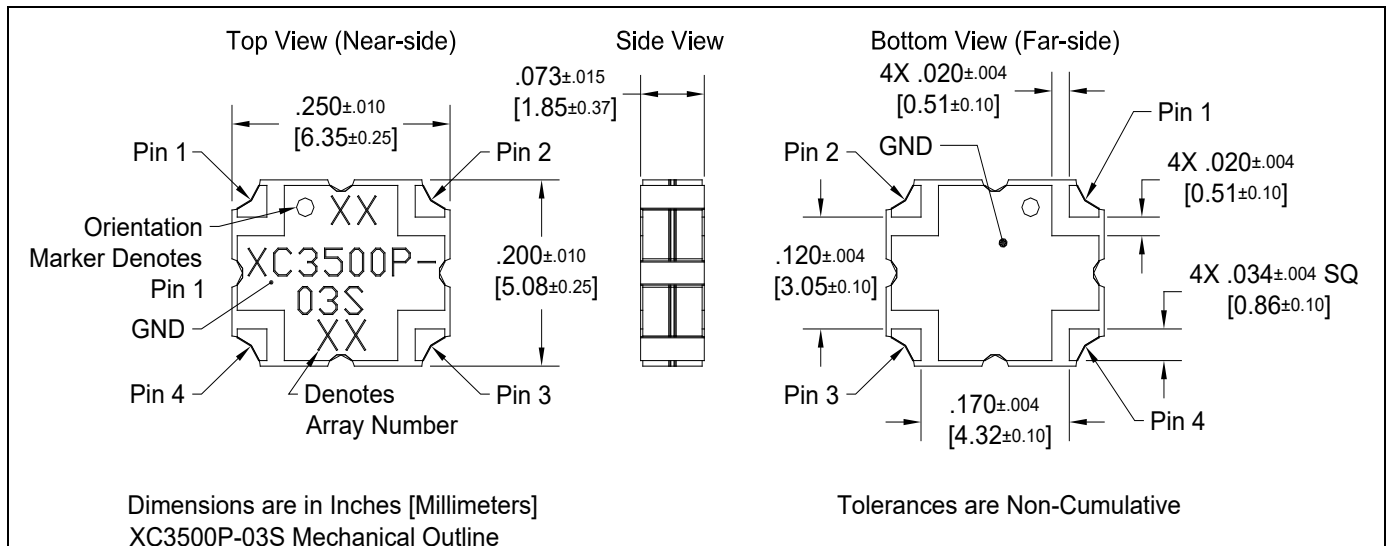
### Features:

- 3300 – 3850 MHz
- High Power
- Very Low Loss
- Tight Amplitude Balance
- High Isolation
- Production Friendly
- Tape and Reel  
Lead-Free

### Electrical Specifications:

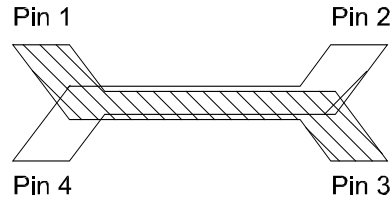
Frequency	Isolation	Insertion Loss	VSWR
MHz	dB Min	dB Max	Max : 1
3300-3850	21	0.25	1.22
Amplitude Balance	Phase	Power	Operating Temp.
dB Max	Degrees	Avg. CW Watts @85°C	°C
± 0.25	90 ± 3.0	55	-55 to +150

### Mechanical Outline:



## Hybrid Coupler Pin Configuration

The XC3500P-03S has an orientation marker to denote Pin 1. Once port one has been identified the other ports are known automatically. Please see the chart below for clarification:

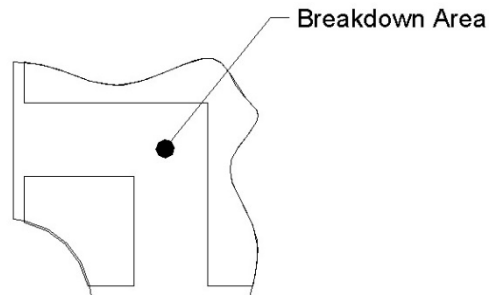


Configuration	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
Splitter	Input	Isolated	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$
Splitter	Isolated	Input	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$
Splitter	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$	Input	Isolated
Splitter	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$	Isolated	Input
*Combiner	$A \angle\theta - 90$	$A \angle\theta$	Isolated	Output
*Combiner	$A \angle\theta$	$A \angle\theta - 90$	Output	Isolated
*Combiner	Isolated	Output	$A \angle\theta - 90$	$A \angle\theta$
*Combiner	Output	Isolated	$A \angle\theta$	$A \angle\theta - 90$

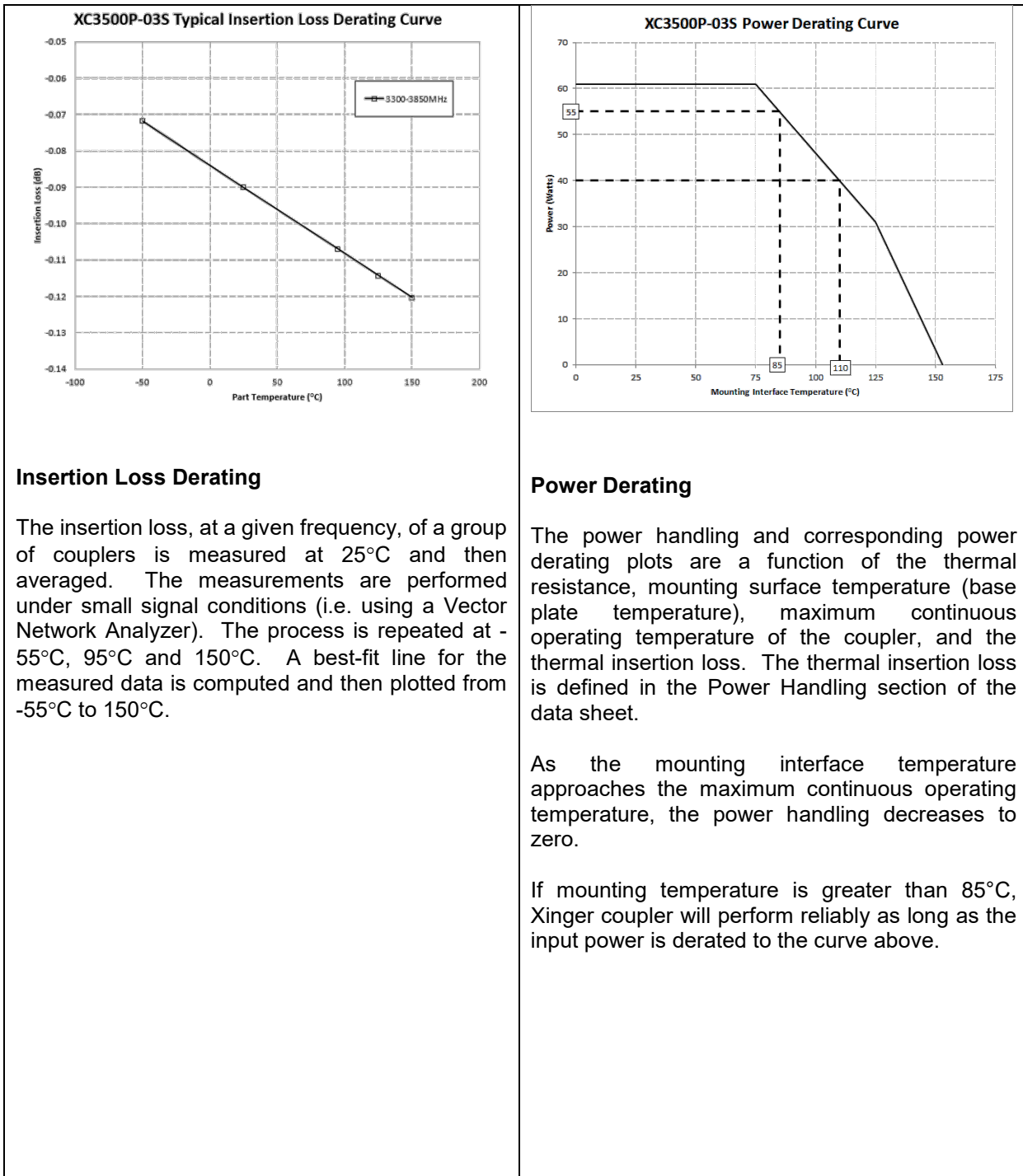
\*Note: "A" is the amplitude of the applied signals. When two quadrature signals with equal amplitudes are applied to the coupler as described in the table, they will combine at the output port. If the amplitudes are not equal, some of the applied energy will be directed to the isolated port.

## Peak Power Handling

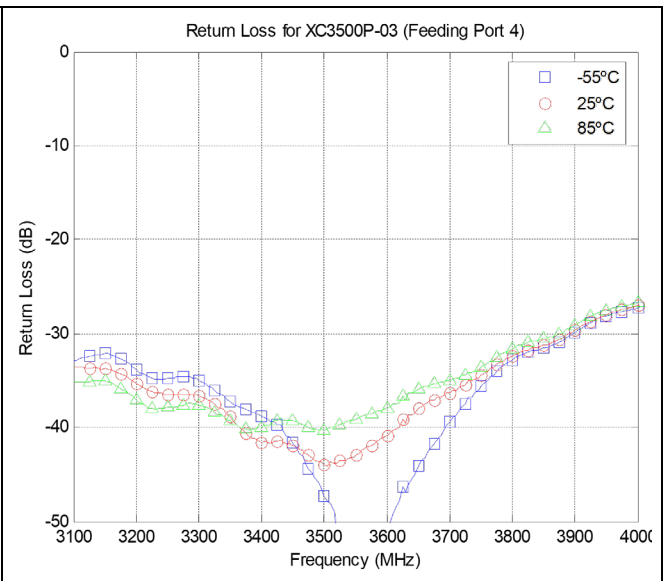
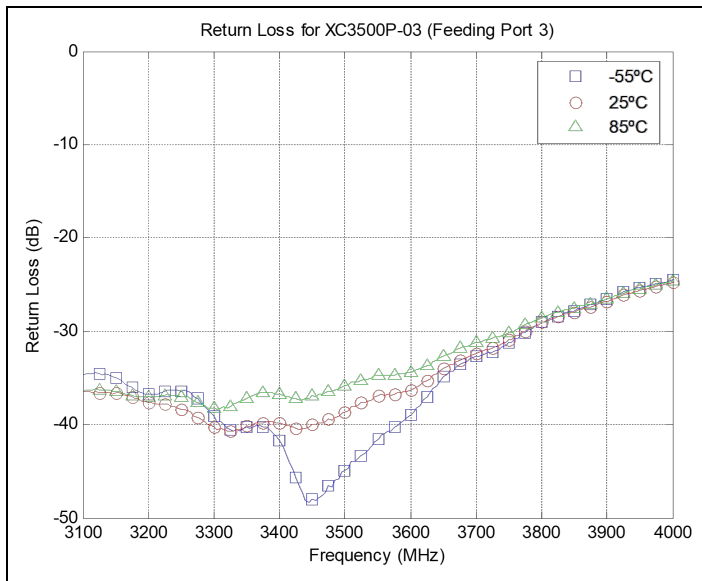
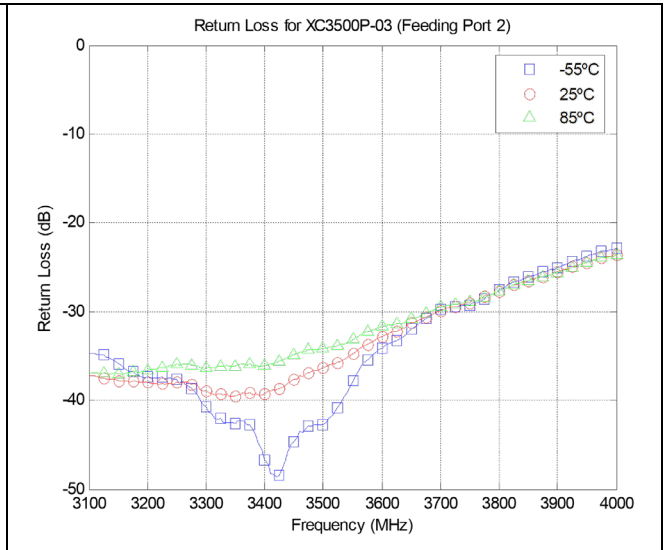
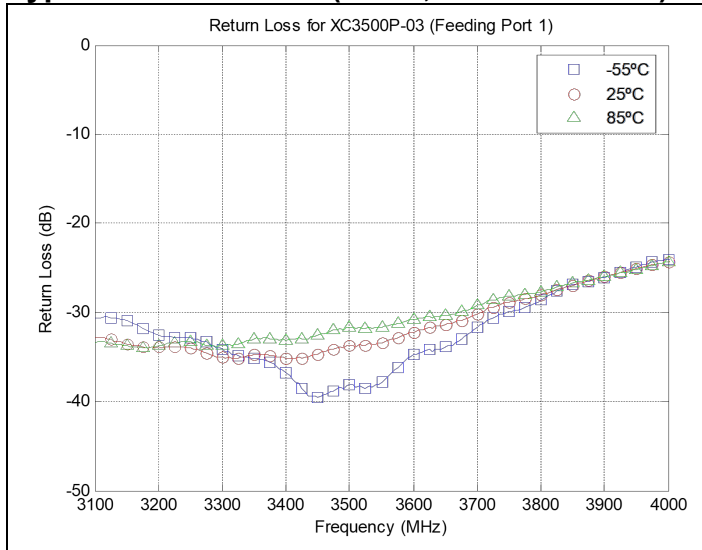
High-Pot testing of these couplers during the qualification procedure resulted in a minimum breakdown voltage of 0.82KV (minimum recorded value). This voltage level corresponds to a breakdown resistance capable of handling at least 12dB peaks over average power levels, for very short durations. The breakdown location consistently occurred across the air interface at the coupler contact pads (see illustration below). The breakdown levels at these points will be affected by any contamination in the gap area around these pads. These areas must be kept clean for optimum performance. It is recommended that the user test for voltage breakdown under the maximum operating conditions and over worst case modulation induced power peaking. This evaluation should also include extreme environmental conditions (such as high humidity).

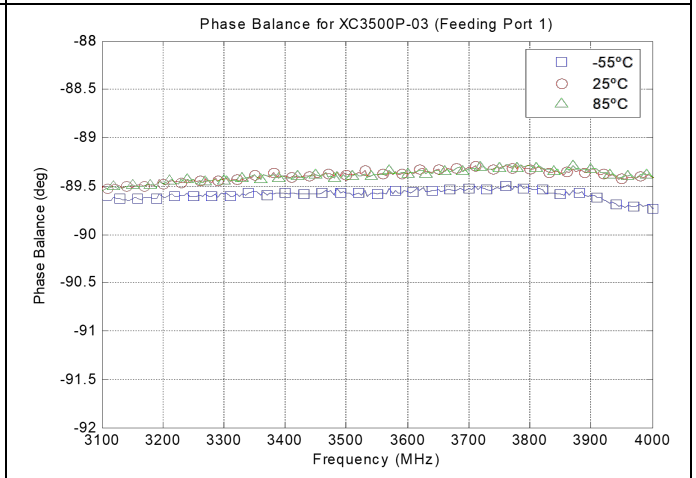
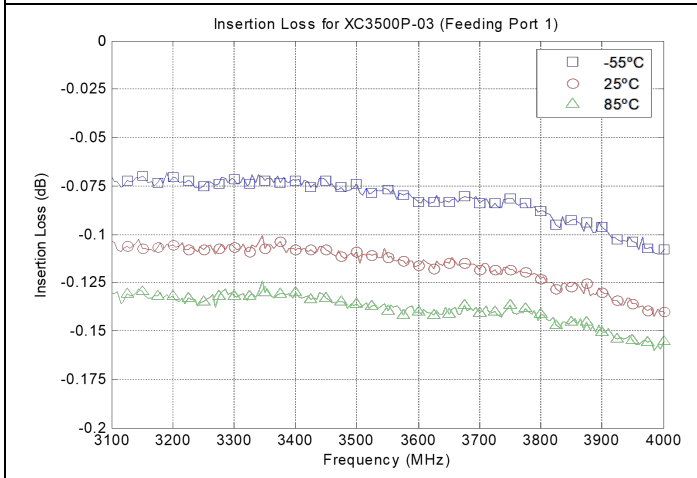
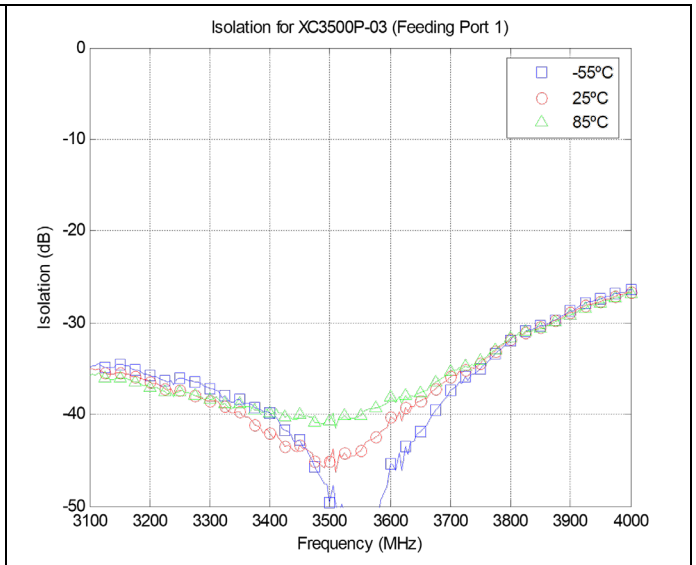
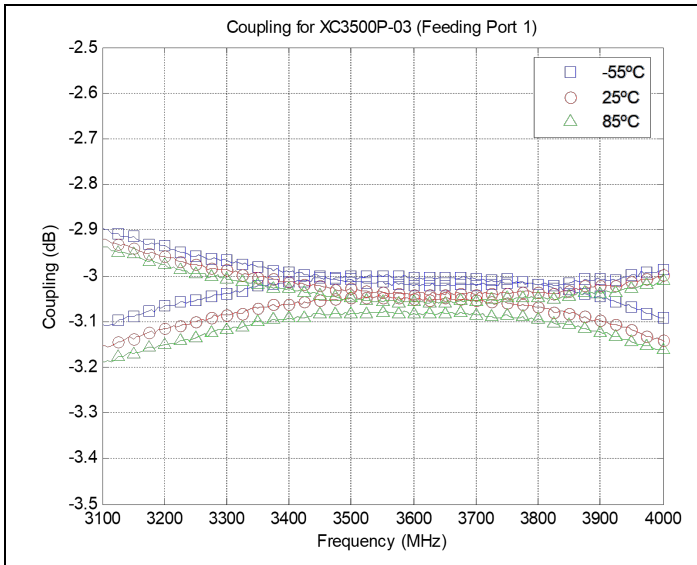


## Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves



**Typical Performance (-55°C, 25°C and 85°C): 3100-4000 MHz**





## Definition of Measured Specifications

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
<b>VSWR</b> (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. A VSWR of 1:1 is optimal.	$VSWR = \frac{V_{max}}{V_{min}}$ Vmax = voltage maxima of a standing wave Vmin = voltage minima of a standing wave
<b>Return Loss</b>	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. Return Loss is an alternate means to express VSWR.	$\text{Return Loss(dB)} = 20\log \frac{VSWR + 1}{VSWR - 1}$
<b>Insertion Loss</b>	The input power divided by the sum of the power at the two output ports.	$\text{Insertion Loss(dB)} = 10\log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{cpl} + P_{direct}}$
<b>Isolation</b>	The input power divided by the power at the isolated port.	$\text{Isolation(dB)} = 10\log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{iso}}$
<b>Phase Balance</b>	The difference in phase angle between the two output ports.	Phase at coupled port – Phase at direct port
<b>Amplitude Balance</b>	The power at each output divided by the average power of the two outputs.	$10\log \frac{P_{cpl}}{(P_{cpl}+P_{direct})/2} \text{ and } 10\log \frac{P_{direct}}{(P_{cpl}+P_{direct})/2}$

**Packaging and Ordering Information:**

Parts are available in both reel and tube. Packaging follows EIA 481-2. Parts are oriented in tape and reel as shown below. Minimum order quantities are 2000 per reel and 77 per tube. See Model Numbers below for further ordering information.

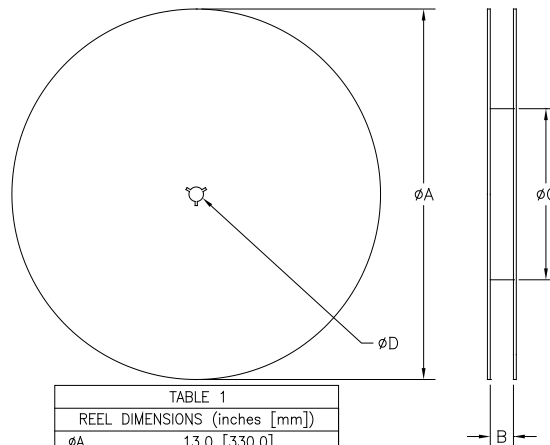
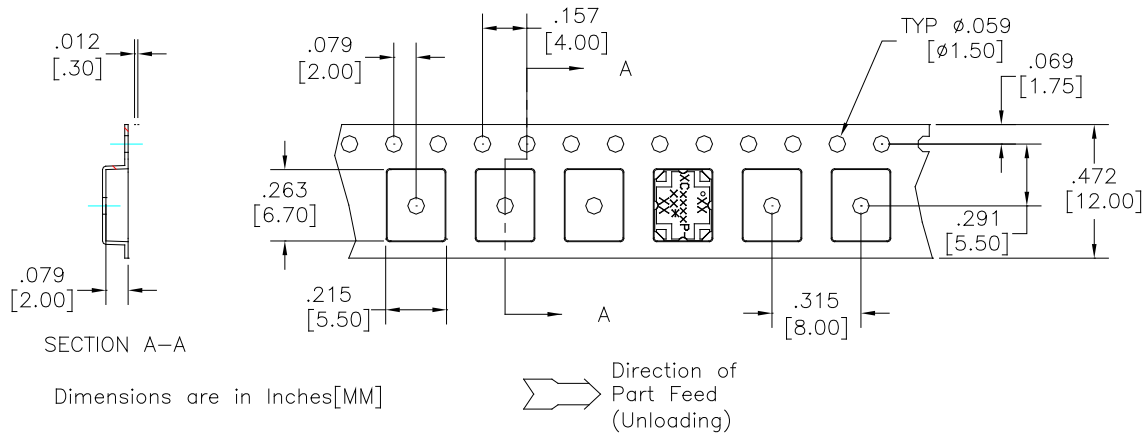


TABLE 1	
REEL DIMENSIONS (inches [mm])	
$\phi A$	13.0 [330.0]
B	.472 [12.0]
$\phi C$	4.017 [102.03]
$\phi D$	0.512 [13.0]

**Contact us:**  
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