NXT4556

SIM card interface level translator Rev. 2.1 — 31 July 2024

nexperia

1. General description

The NXT4556 device is built for interfacing a SIM card with a single low-voltage host side interface. The NXT4556 has three level translators to convert the data, RST and CLK signals between a SIM card and a host microcontroller. A high speed level translation capable of supporting class-B, class-C SIM cards. V_{CC_SIM} power-down initiates a shutdown sequence on SIM card pins in accordance with ISO-7816-3.

The NXT4556 is compliant with all ETSI, IMT-2000 and ISO-7816 SIM/Smart card interface requirements.

2. Features and benefits

- Support SIM cards and eSIM with supply voltages 1.62 V to 3.3 V
- Host micro-controller operating voltage range: 1.08 V to 1.98 V
- Automatic level translation of I/O, RST and CLK between SIM card and host side interface with capacitance isolation
- Incorporates shutdown feature for the SIM card signals according to ISO-7816-3
- High $V_{dis(UVLO AC)}$ switching level, arranging quick shut down when $V_{CC SIM}$ powers down
- Integrated pull-up resistors; no external resistor required
- Integrated EMI Filters suppresses higher harmonics of digital I/O's
- Low current shutdown mode < 1 µA
- Supports clock speed beyond 5 MHz clock
- Pb-free, Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) compliant and free of halogen and antimony (Dark Green compliant)
- ESD protection:
 - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 2 exceeds 2000 V
 - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V
 - IEC61000-4-2 level 4, contact and air discharge on all SIM card-side pins exceeds 8000 V and 15000 V
- Available in 9-pin wafer level chip-scale package (WLCSP); 9 bumps; 1.06 mm x 1.06 mm x 0.43 mm body; 0.35 mm pitch
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C

3. Applications

- NXT4556 can be used with a range of SIM card attached devices including:
 - Mobile and personal phones
 - Wireless modems
 - SIM card terminals

4. Ordering information

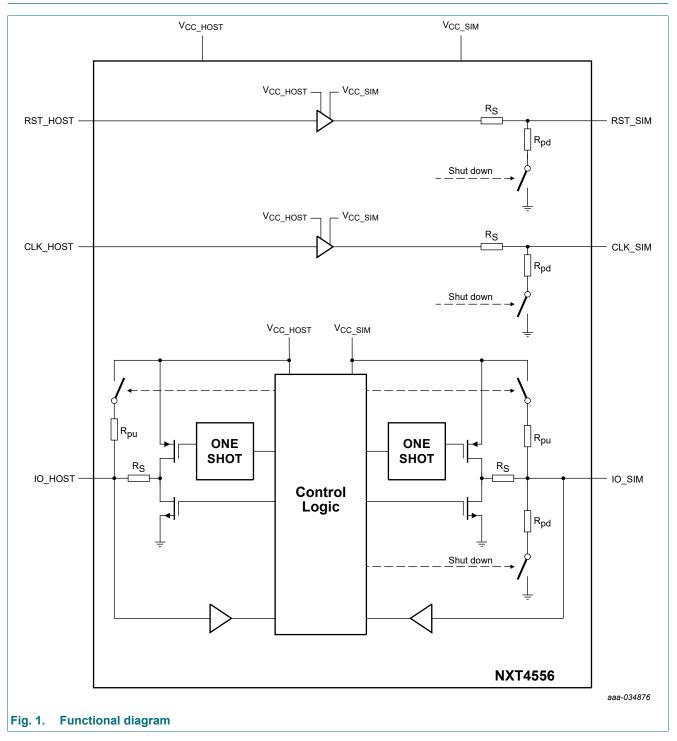
Table 1. Ordering information						
Туре	Package					
number	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version		
NXT4556UP	-40 °C to +85 °C	WLCSP9	wafer level chip-scale package; 9 bumps; 1.06 × 1.06 × 0.43 mm body	<u>SOT8027-1</u>		

5. Marking

Table 2. Marking			
	Type number	Marking code[1]	
	NXT4556UP	z6	

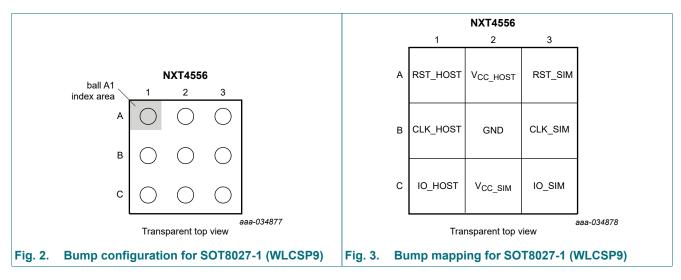
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

6. Functional diagram



7. Pinning information





7.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Bump	-	Description
Symbol	Битр	туре	Description
RST_HOST	A1	I	Reset input from host controller.
V _{CC_HOST}	A2	power	Supply voltage for the host controller side input/output pins (CLK_HOST, RST_HOST, IO_HOST). This pin should be bypassed with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor close to the pin.
RST_SIM	A3	0	Reset output pin for the SIM card.
CLK_HOST	B1	I	Clock input from host controller.
GND	B2	ground	Ground for the SIM card and host controller. Proper grounding and bypassing are required to meet ESD specifications.
CLK_SIM	B3	0	Clock output pin for the SIM card.
IO_HOST	C1	I/O	Host controller bidirectional data input/output. This pin can be driven from push-pull as well as open-drain drivers.
V _{CC_SIM}	C2	power	Supply voltage for the SIM CARD side input/output pins. This input voltage ranges from 1.62 V to 3.3 V. This pin should be bypassed with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor close to the pin.
IO_SIM	C3	I/O	SIM card bidirectional data input/output. The SIM card output must be on an open-drain driver.

8. Functional description

8.1. Functional behavior

The functional diagram of the NTX4556 is shown in Fig. 1.

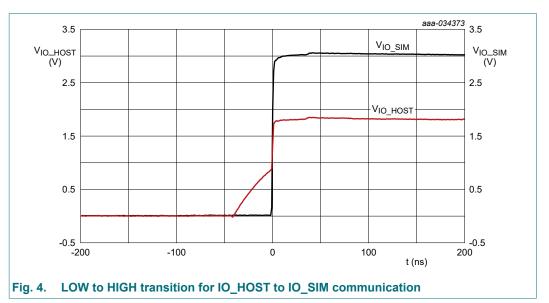
The upper part of $\underline{Fig. 1}$ shows the RST and CLK channels which are uni-directional level shifters from the host to the SIM card side.

The bottom part shows the architecture of the bidirectional I/O channel. Both on IO_HOST and IO_SIM a resistor R_{pu} pulls up the I/O node. On both sides an output stage is present that consists of a PMOST and an NMOST device. Each output stage drives the output through a series resistor R_{s} . Input stages sense the I/O nodes and pass LOW/HIGH information to the control logic that controls the translator outputs and several pull-up and pull-down resistors.

The NXT4556 I/O channel does not require a dedicated input signal to control the direction of data flow from IO_HOST to IO_SIM or from IO_SIM to IO_HOST. Change in driving direction is possible when both sides are at HIGH state. The control logic recognizes the I/O node with the first falling edge and grants control over the opposite I/O node. When for example the IO_HOST is turned LOW, the control circuit will turn on the NMOST on the IO_SIM side, pulling LOW IO_SIM. The IO_SIM pin is then an output only, until IO_HOST is turned HIGH and the translator has turned IO_SIM HIGH again.

The PMOST devices are used to actively turn high the outputs. Each PMOST is driven by a oneshot circuit that generates a pulse. For example: Assuming HOST to SIM communication, when the IO_HOST is turned HIGH, it will activate the one shot circuit on the IO_SIM side. A pulse starts, arranging a fast LOW to HIGH transition on IO_SIM. When the pulse has finished, the PMOST is released. At that stage, the system returns to a standard open drain state whereby the pull resistors keep the I/O nodes HIGH.

At the same time, at a LOW to HIGH transition, the one shot on the input side is activated as well. In an open drain application, this creates a typical input LOW to HIGH waveform. Fig. 4 shows an example of a LOW to HIGH transition in an open drain application.



Looking at the input signal, the first part of the LOW to HIGH transition is an exponential curve caused by the I/O node capacitance being charged via the pull-up resistor. The second part starts when the input signal crosses the input switching level. The rising edge is accelerated dramatically by the PMOST that is turned on by the one shot on the input side.

In case of a communication error or some other unforeseen incident that may drive both connected sides of the drivers at the same time, the internal logic automatically prevents stuck-at situation. This ensures that both I/Os will return to HIGH level once released from being driven LOW.

In shut down mode, the control circuit disables all output stages. Additionally, in shut down mode, the pull-up resistor on IO_SIM side is disabled, and all pull-down resistors R_{pd} on SIM side are enabled, pulling LOW the pins on the SIM side. The shut down sequence is explained in more detail in <u>Section 8.3</u>.

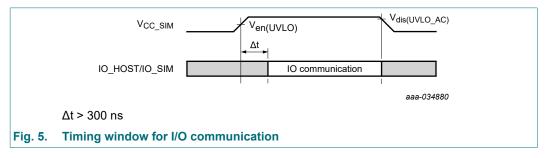
8.2. Window of I/O communication

When the translator is in operating mode, I/O communication can take place through the I/O channel. Communication can take place in both directions IO_HOST \leftrightarrow IO_SIM. Additionally, during operating mode, the RST_HOST and CLK_HOST signals are passed to RST_SIM and CLK_SIM respectively.

The translator is active when V_{CC_HOST} and V_{CC_SIM} are at a proper level. <u>Fig. 5</u> shows how V_{CC_SIM} controls the translator mode. V_{CC_HOST} is assumed to be default present and is not shown in the waveform.

When V_{CC_SIM} has turned HIGH, I/O communication can commence after a certain amount of time: Δt > 300 ns.

It is assumed that during the power up sequence, the nodes of IO_HOST and and IO_SIM are not pulled down by the host controller and the SIM card. The translator has integrated pull-up resistors and will turn HIGH both IO_HOST and IO_SIM. The pull-up resistors R_{pu} are pointed out in Fig. 1.



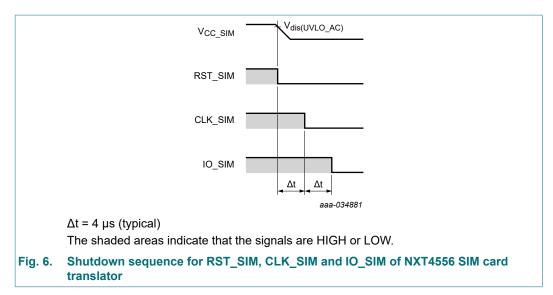
When V_{CC_SIM} drops below $V_{dis(UVLO)}$, the translator turns to shutdown mode. <u>Section 8.3</u> illustrates the shutdown sequence in more detail.

8.3. Shutdown sequence

The ISO 7816-3 specification specifies the shutdown sequence for the SIM card signals to ensure that the card is properly disabled for power savings. Also, during hot swap, the orderly shutdown of these signals helps to avoid any improper write and corruption of data.

When V_{CC_SIM} drops below $V_{dis(UVLO_AC)}$, the shutdown sequence is initiated. <u>Fig. 6</u> illustrates the shutdown sequence initiated by V_{CC_SIM} being powered down.

The shut down sequence starts by pulling down the RST_SIM output. Once RST_SIM is turned LOW, CLK_SIM and IO_SIM are pulled LOW sequentially, one-by-one. Internal pull-down resistors on the SIM pins are used to pull the SIM channels LOW. The internal pull-down resistors, R_{pd} , that pull down the three pins on the SIM side are shown in Fig. 1. The shutdown sequence is completed in a few microseconds. The interval time (Δt), is typically 4 µs.



8.4. UVLO

When V_{CC_SIM} drops below $V_{dis(UVLO_AC)}$, the translator goes to shut down mode. This is illustrated in Fig. 5. The switching level $V_{dis(UVLO_AC)}$ has a high value of approximately 86 %xV_{CC_SIM}. The circuitry uses an AC detection mechanism that operates accurately with a falling slope that is typical in the SIM card application. Next to this AC detection, a standard UVLO detection is in place that has no condition with respect to the slope of the rising or falling V_{CC_SIM}. For the standard UVLO, the parameters V_{en(UVLO} and V_{dis(UVLO}) are involved which have lower values than V_{dis(UVLO_AC)}. When V_{CC_SIM} is powered up, the translator is enabled when V_{CC_SIM} crosses V_{en(UVLO}). This is illustrated in Fig. 5.

8.5. EMI filter

All output driver stages of I/O, RST and CLK channels are equipped with EMI filters to reduce interference towards sensitive mobile communication.

8.6. ESD protection

The device has robust ESD protections on all SIM card pins. The architecture prevents any stress for the host: the voltage translator discharges any stress to supply ground.

9. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	u		±8	kV
		SIM card side; IEC 61000-4-2; level 4; air discharge	-	±15	kV
		all other pins; IEC 61000-4-2; level 4	-	±2	kV
		all other pins; HBM [1]	-	±2	kV
		all other pins; CDM [2]	-	±1	kV
V _{CC_HOST}	supply voltage		GND - 0.5	4.6	V
V _{CC_SIM}	SIM card supply voltage		GND - 0.5	4.6	V
VI	input voltage	CLK_HOST; input signal voltage, HOST side	GND - 0.5	4.6	V
		RST_HOST; input signal voltage, HOST side	GND - 0.5	4.6	V
		IO_HOST; input signal voltage, HOST side	GND - 0.5	4.6	V
		CLK_SIM; input signal voltage, SIM side	GND - 0.5	4.6	V
		RST_SIM; input signal voltage, SIM side	GND - 0.5	4.6	V
		IO_SIM; input signal voltage, SIM side	GND - 0.5	4.6	V
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+125	°C

Human Body Model (HBM) according to JESD22-A-A114. Charged-Device Model (CDM) according to JESD22-C101. [1]

[2]

10. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{CC_HOST}	supply voltage	[1]	1.08	-	1.98 V	V
V _{CC_SIM}	card side supply voltage	[1]	1.62	-	3.3	V
VI	input voltage	HOST side	-0.3	-	V _{CC_HOST} + 0.3	V
		SIM side	-0.3	-	V _{CC_SIM} + 0.3	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+25	+85	°C

[1] $V_{CC}_{SIM} \ge V_{CC}_{HOST}$

11. Electrical characteristics

Table 6. Electrical characteristics

1.08 V \leq V_{CC HOST} \leq 1.98 V; 1.62 V \leq V_{CC SIM} \leq 3.3 V; GND = 0 V; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Tar	_{nb} = -40 °C to +8	5 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	
I _{CC_HOST}	supply current	operating mode; f _{clk} = 1 MHz; IO_HOST = IO_SIM = HIGH	[2]	-	5	10	μA
		shutdown mode; IO_HOST = HIGH	[3]	-	-	1	μA
I _{CC_SIM}	card side supply current	operating mode; [2] IO_HOST = IO_SIM = HIGH; CLK_HOST = RST_HOST = LOW		-	2	8	μA
V _{en(UVLO)}	undervoltage lockout enable voltage	V _{CC_SIM} rising; V _{CC_HOST} = 1.8 V		0.85	1.2	1.6	V
V _{dis(UVLO)}	undervoltage lockout disable voltage	V _{CC_SIM} falling; V _{CC_HOST} = 1.8 V	V _{CC_SIM} falling; V _{CC_HOST} = 1.8 V		1.0	1.3	V
V _{dis(UVLO_AC)}		V _{CC_SIM} falling;					
	lockout disable voltage	-dV/dt = 0.9 V/ms to 9 V/ms; V _{CC_SIM} = 1.8 V		-	1.55	-	V
		-dV/dt = 1.5 V/ms to 15 V/ms; V _{CC_SIM} = 3.0 V		-	2.58	-	V
		-dV/dt = 0.9 V/ms to 9 V/ms; V _{CC_SIM} = 1.71 V to 1.89 V		-	0.86V _{CC_SIM}	-	V
		-dV/dt = 1.5 V/ms to 15 V/ms; V _{CC_SIM} = 2.85 V to 3.15 V		-	0.86V _{CC_SIM}	-	V

[1] Typical values measured at 25 °C.

[2] Internal pull-up resistance active on IO_HOST and IO_SIM

[3] Internal pull-up resistance active on IO_HOST

Product data sheet

Table 7. Static characteristics

 $1.08 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CC}$ HOST $\le 1.98 \text{ V}$; $1.62 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CC}$ SIM $\le 3.3 \text{ V}$; GND = 0 V; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	eter Conditions		T _{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C			
			Min	Typ[1]	Max		
Level st	nifter		· · ·				
V _{IH}	HIGH-level	RST_HOST, CLK_HOST [2]	0.65V _{CC_HOST}	-	V _{CC_HOST} + 0.3	V	
	input voltage	IO_HOST	0.5V _{CC_HOST}	-	V _{CC_HOST} + 0.3	V	
		IO_SIM [2]	0.5V _{CC_SIM}	-	V _{CC_SIM} + 0.3	V	
V _{IL}	LOW-level	RST_HOST, CLK_HOST [2]		-	0.35V _{CC_HOST}	V	
	input voltage	IO_HOST [2]	-0.3	-	0.3V _{CC_HOST}	V	
		IO_SIM [2]	-0.3	-	0.25V _{CC_SIM}	V	
R _{pu}	pull-up	IO_SIM connected to V _{CC_SIM}	3.3	5.3	7.3	kΩ	
	resistance	IO_HOST connected to V _{CC_HOST}	2.8	4.3	6	kΩ	
V _{OH} HIGH-level		RST_SIM, CLK_SIM; I _{OH} = -1 mA	0.85V _{CC_SIM}	-	V _{CC_SIM} +0.3	V	
	output voltage	IO_SIM; I _{OH} = -10 μA	0.85V _{CC_SIM}	-	V _{CC_SIM} +0.3	V	
		ΙΟ_HOST; Ι _{ΟΗ} = -10 μΑ	0.85V _{CC_HOST}	-	V _{CC_HOST} +0.3	V	
V _{OL}	LOW-level	RST_SIM, CLK_SIM; I _{OL} = 1 mA	-	50	200	mV	
	output voltage	IO_SIM; I _{OL} = 1 mA	-	50	300	mV	
		IO_HOST; I _{OL} = 1 mA	-	50	300	mV	
R _{pd}	pull-down resistance	CLK_SIM, RST_SIM, IO_SIM	-	400	-	Ω	
EMI filte	r						
Rs	series	IO_SIM	-	44	-	Ω	
	resistance	RST_SIM	-	44	-	Ω	
		CLK_SIM	-	44	-	Ω	
C _{io}	input/output	IO_SIM	-	10	-	pF	
	capacitance	RST_SIM	-	10	-	pF	
		CLK_SIM	-	10	-	pF	
		1	1				

[1]

Typical values measured at 25 °C. $V_{\rm IL},\,V_{\rm IH}$ depend on the individual supply voltage per interface. [2]

NXT4556

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Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Push-pull: test circuit see Fig. 8; C_L = 50 pF. Open-drain: test circuit see Fig. 9; C_{IO_HOST} = 10 pF; C_{IO_SIM} = 30 pF. For waveform see Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	ameter Conditions		T _{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C;						
				V _{CC_SIN}	_M = 1.8 V ±	± 0.18 V	V _{CC_SI}	_M = 3.0 V	± 0.3 V	
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Typ[1]	Max	
V _{CC_HOS}	$T = 1.2 V \pm 0.12$	V								
t _{pd}	propagation	I/O channel; push-pull	[2]	-	12	20	-	12	20	ns
	delay	I/O channel; open-drain		-	15	25	-	15	25	ns
		CLK and RST channels; push-pull		-	12	20	-	12	20	ns
t _t	transition time	IO_HOST; push-pull	[3]	-	-	10	-	-	10	ns
		IO_SIM; RST_SIM; CLK_SIM; push-pull		-	-	10	-	-	10	ns
t _{sk}	skew time	between channels IO_SIM and CLK_SIM; push-pull		-	2	-	-	2	-	ns
f _{clock}	clock frequency	CLK channel; push-pull	[4]	-	-	25	-	-	25	MHz
f _{data}	data rate	I/O channel; push-pull	[4]	-	-	5	-	-	5	Mbps
		I/O channel; open-drain; see <u>Fig. 9</u>	[4]	-	-	800	-	-	800	kbps
V _{CC_HOS}	$_{\rm T}$ = 1.8 V ± 0.18	V								
t _{pd}	propagation	I/O channel; push-pull	[2]	-	7	12	-	7	12	ns
	delay	I/O channel; open-drain		-	8	15	-	8	15	ns
		CLK and RST channels; push-pull		-	7	12	-	7	12	ns
t _t	transition time	IO_HOST; push-pull	[3]	-	-	10	-	-	10	ns
		IO_SIM; RST_SIM; CLK_SIM; push-pull		-	-	10	-	-	10	ns
t _{sk}	skew time	between channels IO_SIM and CLK_SIM; push-pull		-	2	-	-	2	-	ns
f _{clock}	clock frequency	CLK channel; push-pull	[4]	-	-	25	-	-	25	MHz
f _{data}	data rate	I/O channel; push-pull	[4]	-	-	5	-	-	5	Mbps
		I/O channel; open-drain; see <u>Fig. 9</u>	[4]	-	-	800	-	-	800	kbps

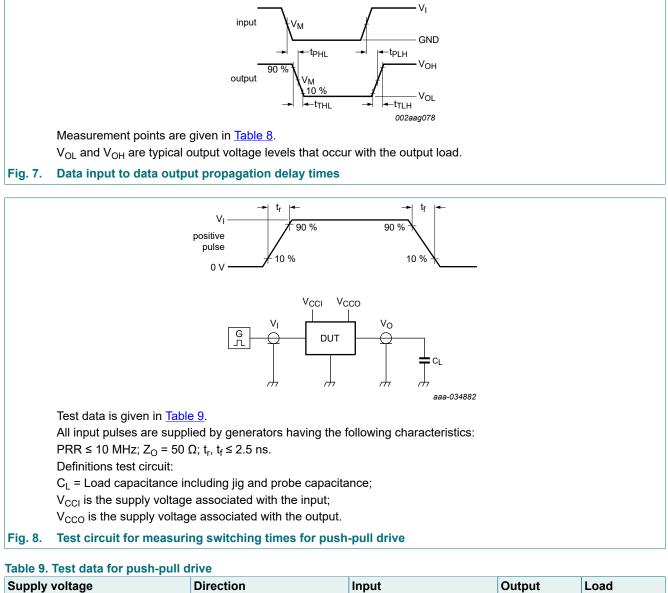
[1] Typical values measured at 25 °C.

[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and $t_{\text{PLH}}.$

[3]

 t_t is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} . Criteria: duty cycle between 40% and 60%; Voltage swing between 10% V_{CCI} and 90% V_{CCI}. [4]

11.1. Waveforms and test circuits



Supply voltage		Direction	Input		Output	Load
V _{CC_HOST}	V _{CC_SIM}		VI	V _M	V _M	CL
1.08 V to 1.98 V	1.62 V to 3.3 V	host side to SIM card side	V _{CC_HOST}	0.5V _{CC_HOST}	$0.5V_{CC_SIM}$	50 pF
1.08 V to 1.98 V	1.62 V to 3.3 V	SIM card side to host side	V _{CC_SIM}	0.5V _{CC_SIM}	$0.5V_{CC_{HOST}}$	50 pF

NXT4556

SIM card interface level translator

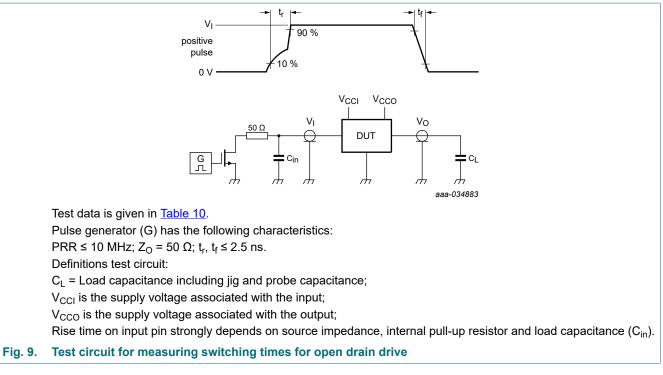
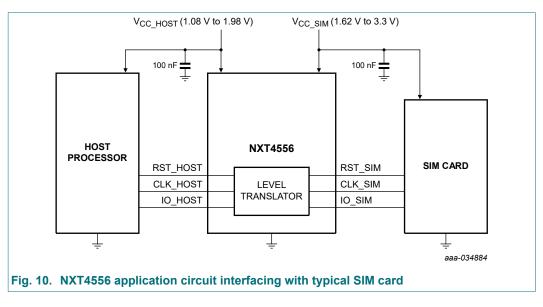


Table 10. Test data for open drain drive

Supply voltage		Direction	Input		Input		Input		Direction Input		Output	Load	
V _{CC_HOST}	V _{CC_SIM}		VI	V _M	V _M	C _{in}	CL						
1.08 V to 1.98 V	1.62 V to 3.3 V	host side to SIM card side	V _{CC_HOST}	0.6V _{CC_HOST}	0.6V _{CC_SIM}	10 pF	30 pF						
1.08 V to 1.98 V		SIM card side to host side	V _{CC_SIM}	0.5V _{CC_SIM}	0.5V _{CC_HOST}	30 pF	10 pF						

12. Application information

The application circuit for the NXT4556, which shows the typical interface with a SIM card, is shown in Fig. 10. Supply decoupling capacitors (100 nF) are recommended and should be placed close to the translator product.



13. Design and assembly recommendations

13.1. PCB design guidelines

For optimum performance, use a Non-Solder Mask PCB Design (NSMD), also known as a copper-definied design, incorporating laser-drilled micro-vias connecting the ground pads to a buried ground-plane layer. This results in the lowest possible ground inductance and provides the best high frequency and ESD performance. For this case, refer to <u>Table 11</u> for the recommended PCB design parameters.

Table 11. Recommended PCB design parameters

Parameter	Value or specification				
PCB Cu pad shape	circular				
PCB Cu pad diameter	200 µm				
PCB solder resist diameter	270 µm				
WLCSP pad diameter (UBM)	200 µm				

13.2. PCB assembly guidelines for Pb-free soldering

Table 12. Assembly recommendations					
Parameter	Value or specification				
PCB stencil shape	circular				
PCB stencil aperture diameter	200 µm				
PCB stencil thickness	80 µm				
Solder paste material	SnAg ₄ Cu (Cu 0.5%) (SAC405)				
Solder reflow profile	see <u>Fig. 11</u>				

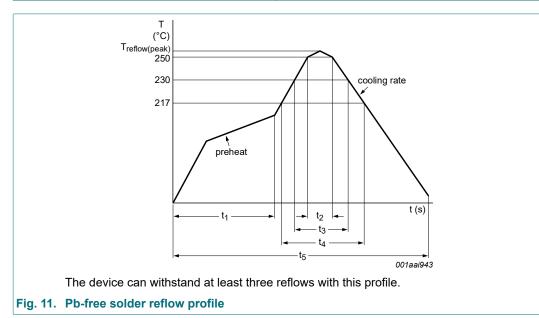


Table 13. Reflow soldering process characteristics

 T_{amb} = 25 °C; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{reflow(peak)}	peak reflow temperature		230	-	260	°C
t ₁	time 1	soak time	60	-	180	s
t ₂	time 2	time during T ≥ 250 °C	-	-	30	s
t ₃	time 3	time during T ≥ 230 °C	10	-	50	s
t ₄	time 4	time during T ≥ 217 °C	30	-	150	s
t ₅	time 5		-	-	540	s
dT/dt	rate of change of temperature	cooling rate	-	-	-6	°C/s
		preheat	2.5	-	4.0	°C/s

14. Package outline

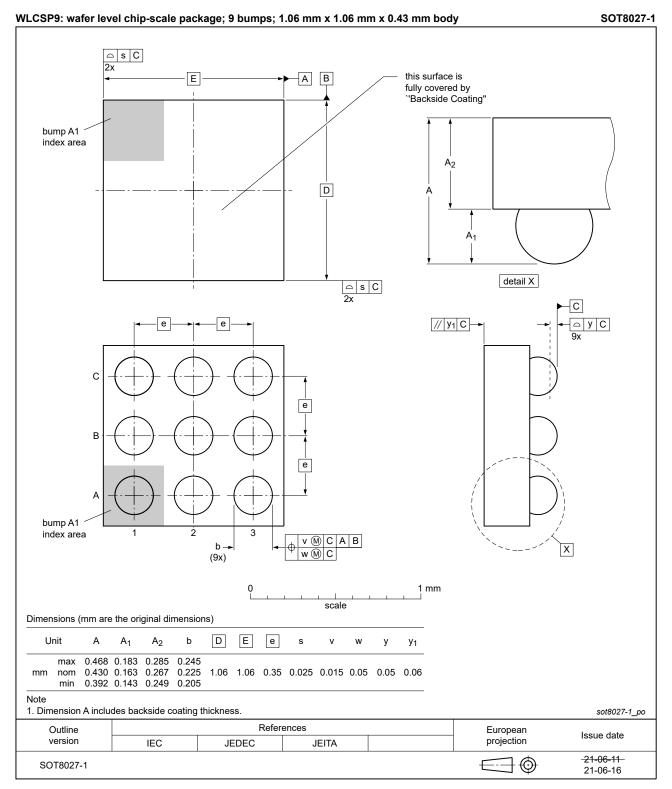


Fig. 12. Package outline SOT8027-1 (WLCSP16)

15. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
CDM	Charged-Device Model
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
ESDA	ElectroStatic Discharge Association
НВМ	Human Body Model
JEDEC	Joint Electron Device Engineering Council
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level
PCB	Printed-Circuit Board
SIM	Subscriber Identification Module

16. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
NXT4556 v.2.1	20240731	Product data sheet	-	NXT4556 v.2	
NXT4556 v.2	20220615	Product data sheet	-	NXT4556 v.1	
Modifications:	• <u>Fig. 4</u> corre	 <u>Table 3</u> corrected (errata). <u>Fig. 4</u> corrected (errata). <u>Fig. 10</u> corrected (errata). 			
NXT4556 v.1	20220502	Product data sheet	-	-	

17. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

 Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at <u>https://www.nexperia.com</u>.

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Product data sheet

Contents

1. General description	1
2. Features and benefits	1
3. Applications	1
4. Ordering information	2
5. Marking	2
6. Functional diagram	3
7. Pinning information	4
7.1. Pinning	4
7.2. Pin description	4
8. Functional description	5
8.1. Functional behavior	5
8.2. Window of I/O communication	6
8.3. Shutdown sequence	6
8.4. UVLO	7
8.5. EMI filter	7
8.6. ESD protection	7
9. Limiting values	8
10. Recommended operating conditions	8
11. Electrical characteristics	9
11.1. Waveforms and test circuits	12
12. Application information	13
13. Design and assembly recommendations	
13.1. PCB design guidelines	14
13.2. PCB assembly guidelines for Pb-free soldering	
14. Package outline	16
15. Abbreviations	17
16. Revision history	
17. Legal information	18

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